W. H. PERRY,
Hardware,
Stoves and
Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

Victoria Daily Times.

P P
Accuracy
Purity
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CHAS. E. JONES,
38 Government Street.
Always Open.
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VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, JULY 12, 1893. No. 161

If your COOKING STOVE is used up or unsatisfactory we will allow you its value in exchange for a

Majestic Range

Made of Steel and Maleable Iron and guaranteed to give satisfaction

McLENNAN & McFEELY'S
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LUKE PITHER. MAX LEISER.

PITHER & LEISER,
—SUCCESSORS TO—
BOUCHERAT & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Wines, Liquors and Havana Cigars.
HIGH CLASS WINES A SPECIALTY.

Always in stock: The Leading Brands of Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors, Preller's Clarets and Sauternes, J. Josephin's Bourgogne, B. Bert & Co.'s Sauternes, G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry Champagne, and other Principal Brands of Champagne, also Jos. Schlitz' Celebrated Milwaukee Beer, and the Leading Brands of English Ales and Porter.

WHISKIES Gooderham & Worts' Rye, and the Best Brands of Scotch and Irish Whiskies, In bulk and case.

BRANDIES Hennessy, Martel, Jules Robin, Bisquet, Dubouche, in bulk and Case.

Positively no Wines or Liquors Sold in Quantities less than two gallons or one case.

PITHER & LEISER
Successors to Boucherat & Co.

50 PER CENT.

Dry Goods at Half Price
At
THE WESTSIDE

WE OFFER THIS WEEK:
200 yds. Check Tweed, 30c., reduced to 15c.
300 yds. Bedford Cord, 44 inches wide, 40c., at 15c.
250 yds. Double Width Checked Tweed, 35c., at 20c.
400 yds. Fancy English Tweed, 50c., at 25c.
600 yds. Double Width French Twills, 50c at 25c.
450 yds. Double Width Tweeds, 75c., at 40c.
Black French Cashmeres and Fancy Black Dress Goods, at about half price.
Jackets, Capes and Blouses at Clearance Prices.

A SPECIAL LINE OF
25 doz. Suede Musquetare GLOVES, in Black and Colored, 10 button lengths, worth $1 to $1.25. Sale price, 65c.

SEE WINDOWS.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.

Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.
Large shipment of New Goods just received.
BASKETS,
HAMPERS,
FLOWER POTS,
PAPER NAPKINS, &c.
Prices lower than ever.
T. S. FUTCHER,
Importer and Retailer.
41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

NOTICE

To contractors and teamsters:—Tenders are called for filling in a lot on Yates street. Specifications to be seen at 208 Yates street. Tenders to be in by Friday, 14th inst. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. jy7-1w

REMOVAL NOTICE!

CAVIN BROS.

Boots & Shoes.

Will remove on July 17th from 94 Douglas St. to 94 Yates St., Wilson Block, the store occupied by Mr. J. C. Nicolles, Dealer in Japanese Goods.

To save the trouble and expense of moving we will sell our Stock of Boots and Shoes at

A Reduction of 10 per cent. for Cash

With every Cash purchase of $1 we give one ticket entitling the holder to a chance in our drawing for

OUR PRIZE PIANO,

which takes place on the evening of July 15th.

All persons indebted to Cavin Bros. are respectfully requested to settle the same before the 17th of present month.
jy3-1m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHEAP FOR CASH glazed window sash.—Joseph Sears, 114 Yates St. jy12-1m

WANTED—A young man wants a position as typewriter." Remington preferred. Understands shorthand. Apply "Z" this office. jl1-6t

WANTED—200 feet second hand one-inch pipe. Apply to Anatole, Driard House. jy12-2t

AUCTION SALE

To-Morrow at 2.30,
Victoria Auction Rooms,
81 Douglas St.
Furniture, Stoves, Etc.

AUCTION SALE.
W. FURNIVAL & CO.,
City Auction Mart, 58 Broad Street

FURNITURE & HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS.

To-Morrow, Thursday, July 13th
At 2 o'clock.
Comprising Upholstered Parlor Furniture, Carpets, Oak Ash and other Bedroom Suites, Wire, Box and Wool Mattresses, Hanging Lamps, Toilet Ware, Tables Kitchen Furniture, Cook, Heating and Oil Stoves, Crockery, etc., Colts Rifle, S. L. Shot Gun, Safety Bicycles, etc. Terms Cash. No reserve.
W. FURNIVAL, Auctioneer.

FOR THE NORTH
The Steamer
BARBARA BOSCOWITZ
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails,
—WILL SAIL ON—
SATURDAY, JULY 15th
AT 6 P. M.
From Porter's Wharf for Fort Simpson, Naas and way ports.
For freight or passage apply to
CAPT. J. D. WARREN
22 Trounce Avenue.
jy12-td

SHUT THE MINES.

Wellington Pit Closed—Another Daily Paper Threatened.

Nanaimo, July 12.—The reduction of miners' wages at East Wellington was practically settled yesterday by Mr. Chandler, sr., telegraphing from San Francisco to close the mine. The alternative is for the men to accept the reduction of 20 per cent. This is not likely to happen, as it would bring the miners' wages down to $2.60 per day. About 150 men are affected. They commenced taking out their tools yesterday. It is rumored that the New Vancouver Coal Co. will probably take over the mine.

The city council appear to be determined to have the city re-surveyed providing they can raise the necessary sum. A recent vote of the citizens defeated a by-law for that purpose.

Up to a late hour to-day no news had been received from the posse at the north.

A rumor is current that a daily journal is shortly to be started at Wellington.

The remains of the late John Abrams were laid at rest in the Nanaimo cemetery. The funeral was largely attended.

Foundation Completed.

The Dominion Government steamer Quadra, Captain Walbran, returned this afternoon from Kelp Reef. Capt. Gaudin, who was on board superintended the construction of the beacon to be erected on the reef. The work was done very satisfactorily.

Sit Down and Read This

It will interest you. Russell & McDonald have received another carload of shoes from their Quebec factory that cannot be touched for quality and price in Canada. Ladies' fine French kid button gaiters, hand sewed, one dollar and seventy-five cents per pair and hundreds of other bargains equally good.

Late Sealing News.

Mate Ferrier of the schooner May Belle, who returned on the steamship Victoria, confirms the report that two of a boat's crew of the Arietas were drowned and the third man was nearly starved to death before he reached the coast. Mr. Ferrier does not know the names of any of the party. He says the steamer Alexander landed 5000 skins at Hakodate before he left. Part of them might have been the catch of the Webster. He also says that the schooner Aurora, the record of which has been erratic on the other side, has been seized by the British consul and her master, Capt. Tonsan, is in jail. He had some trouble with his crew and beat a couple of them, and the schooner is in debt. Mr. Ferrier says many of the schooners are doing well. He reports the Viva with 1100 and the May Belle with 1650. The former is thus reported for the first time. Nearly every schooner had either lost boats temporarily or had had trouble during the storms.

RIO BOMBARDED

Rebel Forces by Land and Sea Attack Rio Grande do Sul.

AD'L WANDEKOLK AND GEN. SARAIVA

Effect a Junction and Proceed to Active Hostilities.

Wars and Rumors of Wars Throughout South America — Attempt to Evict Panama Settlers—Columbian Government Declines to Allow It—Instant Disarmament Ordered in La Plata.

Montevideo, July 12.—News from Rio Grande do Sul says that an assault has been made upon that town from the land and sea by the revolutionary forces. This assault was forshadowed as Admiral Wandelkolk had formally declared in favor of the revolutionists, and appeared in front of the town of Rio Grande do Sul in the steamer Jupiter, with 500 armed soldiers aboard. When the news of the admiral's arrival spread in the town, the citizens were terror stricken, fearing an immediate attack. Many of them abandoned their homes and sought refuge in the country behind the town. Admiral Wandelkolk postponed the bombardment of the town from the sea until the arrival of insurgent land forces under General Saraiva. The preconcerted plan was to begin an assault by land and sea at the same time. Meantime the rebel admiral's force was increased by the crew and officers of the gunboat Camocino, who declared in favor of the revolutionists and put their vessel under his command.

The government tow boat, Manuel Diablo, while trying to enter the harbor, was fired upon from the gunboat Camocino. General Saraiva's battalions began massing behind the town yesterday morning, and last night the bombardment was opened. The result of the fight is not known because the government officials in Rio Grande do Sul seized the telegraph offices and refused to allow messages to be sent south.

There is great excitement in Montevideo over the reports that there are grave troubles in Rio Grande. The censorship placed on the telegraph wires by the Brazilian government makes it impossible to confirm the report, but the situation has been serious for some time and it would not be surprising if the story should prove true.

Would Not be Evicted.

Panama, July 12.—The attempt of M. Mangers, who represents the liquidator of the Panama Canal company, to dispossess the squatters on lands between Panama and Colon, claimed to be included in the concession to the company, has caused great excitement, and is the subject of some interesting correspondence with the government of Colombia. In the village of Gorgona the canal agent notified the entire population, including the local judge and mayor, to move out. These officials appealed to the governor of Panama. The governor declares that M. Mangers has no right to evict the squatters on the land in Gorgona, on the ground that the property has never been formally demanded by the company for the use of the canal.

Buenos Ayres, July 12.—Col. Gil has been sent to La Plata to enforce the decree recently issued requiring the disarmament of military forces in various states. The governor of La Plata is willing to disarm the state forces, but the state legislature is resolved that this shall not be done. Members of the chamber of deputies of the state have asked the Argentine federal congress to annul the decree for disarmament, and general trouble is feared.

PRIVILEGES OF PRESBYTERY.

Prof. Smith Asks Indiana Ministers Some Pointed Questions.

Columbus, Ind., July 12.—The following circular letter has been sent to many Presbyterian ministers in Indiana by Prof. Henry P. Smith, who was recently tried for heresy:

Lane Seminary, Cincinnati, Ohio, June 21.—Reverend and Respected Sir: The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church has gone boldly beyond its rights in pronouncing upon the acts of our trustees. It has presumed to condemn their acts and has directed its board of education to withhold aid from any student in institutions not approved by the church. This plain usurpation of power raises some questions which your advice is most earnestly solicited to settle:

1st. In your opinion would it be wise to yield to the demands of the Assembly, either directly, by revising the action of the trustees, or indirectly by closing the seminary?

2nd. Will a firm stand for liberty, taken by the trustees, command your endorsement and sympathy?

3rd. In case our students suffer from the refusal of aid, may we ask your church to assist them? Your name will not be used in connection with your reply without your express consent.

Very cordially yours,
(Signed) H. P. SMITH.

Deasy Found Guilty.

London, July 12.—John Deasy, anti-Parnellite member of the house of commons from West Mayo, was found guilty yesterday of common assault and fined £22 and ordered to pay costs. Deasy was placed on trial on a charge of having assaulted Ellen Lewis, a sixteen-year-old servant girl employed in the house in which Deasy lodged. He has applied for the stewardship of the Chiltern hundreds.

Immigrants From Bremen.

New York, July 12.—The tramp steamship Red Sea, which sailed from Bremen on June 26th, with 800 immigrants, is now four days overdue. The report circulated yesterday to the effect that the vessel, to evade the restrictions at this port, would put in at Philadelphia is characterized by shipping men as false. The Red Sea had clearance papers for this port and would not be allowed to land a passenger at any other place. Quarantine vessels and immigration officials are waiting for the ship, and they say she will come under the same regulations as other vessels, but it is believed that stringent precautions will result in the barring out of most of the Red Sea's immigrants.

THE SEALERS' SUCCESS.

Excellent Catches by Victoria Schooners Reported From Sand Point.

San Francisco, July 12.—The sealing fleet in Alaskan waters is doing remarkably well this season, according to a letter just received from Sand Point. The catch reported up to May 19th is as follows: Dora Steward, 1436; Sapphire, 1200; Triumph, 1836; Mary Taylor, 740; Mascot, 836; Borealis, 1300; E. B. Marvin, 1014; Minnie, 1460; Annie E. Paint, 736; Ocean Belle, 1300; Oscar and Hattie, 1500; all of Victoria. Willard Ainsworth, 690; Henry Dennis, 1501; George R. White, 215; Volunteer, 12, all of Seattle. Japanese schooner, 1400.

GUESTS OF THE CITY.

The Australians at Westminster—Drowned at Steveston.

New Westminster, July 12.—Messrs. Ward and Huddard, of the Australian-Canadian line, came over from Vancouver this morning, and were met by the mayor, M. P.'s, M. P. P.'s, the council and others. They left on a trip down the river as the city's guests to see the canneries and the sawmills.

Johnny, a Fort Rupert Indian boy, aged 12, was drowned yesterday afternoon while bathing at Steveston. The body was recovered three hours afterwards. No inquest.

Columbia street from an early hour today had a most animated appearance, with Orangemen arriving and going on to Vancouver. Over 250 passed through accompanied by 300 friends. It took 12 cars to convey them there.

Tom Smith had the middle finger of his right hand cut off this morning by a circular saw in Wintermute's factory.

Forty Cholera Deaths.

Alexandria, Egypt, July 12.—Eighty-five cases of cholera are in the hospital here. Forty deaths have occurred.

General Dispatches.

Berlin, July 12.—Chancellor von Caprivi is confined to his house by inflamed veins. He hopes to appear in the reichstag to-morrow.

London, July 12.—Stocks are flat and there is considerable excitement. American railroad securities declined 1-4 to 5 per cent., the latter in Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul. W. B. Moore, stock broker, has failed, also Frank Boyer, stock broker.

A DELIBERATE SUICIDE.

Robert Hutchinson, a Fireman on the Danube, Plunges Overboard.

Robert Hutchinson, a fireman on the steamer Danube, committed suicide on Monday afternoon by jumping overboard when the steamer was within ten miles of Seattle. The body was not recovered. Hutchinson's movements were not observed by any one on board except Mrs. Myers, the captain's wife, who saw him come up from below, coolly get on the rail and plunge into the waters of the Sound. She gave the alarm, and the steamer, which was running at full speed, was stopped as quickly as possible. A boat was lowered and sent after the man, but through a telescope he was seen to sink before the boat reached him. There was nothing more to be done, and the steamer proceeded on her way to Seattle.

Hutchinson was well known here among the firemen and longshoremen. He came out here from England on the steamship Parthia, now the Victoria, four years ago. He was a fireman for a long time on the Islander and at different times on other boats. He was making his first trip on the Danube, having with others been shipped for the trip. He was a native of the north of England, aged 35, and as far as known left no relatives in this country. His companions here say that drink was his ruling passion and the only theory they offer for his act is that he had been drinking more than usual and his reason was upset.

Ladies, What About Jam?

Are you going to put up any this year, and if so will you want any jam bottles? If you do, remember that Russell & McDonald keep them in all sizes.

Medicines in Queen Mary's Time.

Blackwood's Magazine:—Not many remedies of Queen Mary's time retain a place in the modern pharmacopeia. Cardano recommended bark of Indian wood, cinnamon, caryophyllum, colocynth, camphor, cyclamen, viola, turpentine, hops, anise, senna, poppy, mustard, myrrh, wormwood, agrimony, lichen, privet, rue, raisins, hyssop, crocus, marjoram, scabious, figs, honey and many more; and he earnestly urges the use of a remedy which he had tried himself for breathlessness accompanied by bad cough:—Take the lungs of a fox and forthwith wash them with wine and dry it in a furnace to a cinder; powder and mix well with the yolk of an egg.

Among his external remedies one which was evidently a prime favorite was that which he applied over the sutures of the skull, and especially the coronal, and which he found a grand remedy for bringing away the humors of the brain. It was composed of Greek pitch and ship's tar, white mustard, euphorbium and honey, sharpened, if necessary, by the addition of blister fly.

He had unbounded faith in the efficacy of elaterium—two grains dissolved in four ounces of goat's or cow's milk and as much water, this to be drawn through the nostrils when the patient was fasting. He had found—and we can well believe it—that when this remedy was used a very copious discharge of humor took place from the nostrils. I shall not attempt to follow him through the long series of medicines which he recommended to be used.

KENNEDY'S CAPTURE

Now in Custody of the Officers at Comox.

A STORY COMES VIA VANCOUVER

That he Stole the Naptha Launch From the Police.

Reported That He Has Murdered His Partner Malley—Feared His Friend Might Betray Him—Indians Say He Shot His Mate Lately—The Great Chicago Fire.

Comox, July 12.—Murderer Kennedy was captured by the officers, and is now in custody here.

Vancouver, July 12.—Word arrived this morning, but not yet verified, that Kennedy on Tuesday stole the provincial policemen's launch and escaped. All the men were ashore guarding Kennedy, when he slipped to the launch, which was at anchor, and made off. The Estelle had left before so the officers were without means of communicating with either Comox or Nanaimo. The Indians brought word that since the shooting of O'Connor, Kennedy shot his partner Tom Malley, well known here, presumably because Kennedy feared Malley would betray him.

A private letter says the schooner Beatrice on June 4th on the Japanese coast had 1204 skins. She had not been reported since March 4th.

MORE BODIES FOUND.

Ghastly Discovery Made at the Cold Storage Warehouse.

Chicago, July 12.—Early this morning it was learned that ten more bodies had been found in the ruins of the cold storage warehouse. The men who made this discovery tried to keep the knowledge from reaching the public, but it came out. The report was afterwards verified. Nine of these bodies are of men and one that of a woman. The corpses of the dead lay piled all in a heap near the foot of the elevator shaft. When the searching party discovered the remains a large crowd of morbid spectators surrounded the fire engines. The unexpected finding of the bodies staggered the firemen. After a consultation it was decided not to take the bodies out in the presence of the watching thousands. As the work of extricating the bodies would be very difficult, it was deemed impossible to attempt their removal during the darkness, but Captain Goetze, who commanded the searchers, expected that provision would be made for taking the corpses from the ruins at daylight this morning.

Nobody will ever know whether they fell or jumped down the elevator shaft. They may have taken the awful leap down the elevator shaft when they found their escape by the burning stairway cut off. They may have all been coming down in the elevator when the ropes were burned away, and the entire carload was precipitated to the bottom. In this case, most of the ten must have been killed by the fall. Those who survived the shock were probably burned by the falling timbers at the very bottom of the building, and when the floors fell in, were slowly roasted by the burning mass above and around them. That this was the fate that overtook these poor victims is shown by the fact several civilians have already been reported missing to Captain Smith of the Columbian Guard. The woman who is said to be among the dead is probably the missing flower girl.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

Daily Chronicle of Events in The Great Republic.

Chicago, July 12.—The fair will probably after all be closed on Sundays. The directory may do it because there is no money in keeping it open. At a meeting of the board of directors next Friday afternoon the question of a 25 cent admission fee on Sundays will be discussed, as will also the advisability of closing the fair gates on that day. The reduced rate of admission does not increase the attendance.

New Haven, Conn., July 12.—The will of Hiram Camp, the clockmaker who was buried yesterday afternoon, was made public yesterday. His estate is valued at about $300,000. He leaves about $160,000 to churches and charitable institutions. To his three daughters in this city he bequeaths $150,000, to be divided equally.

San Francisco, July 12.—It is reported that most of the business portion of the town of Maxwell, Colusa county, was destroyed by fire this morning, communication by telegraph and telephone are at present cut off.

New York, July 12.—The New York Hide and Leather Club, at a meeting today, passed a resolution demanding the repeal of the Sherman law.

LEFT THE CAPITAL.

Lord and Lady Derby Start on Their Journey to England.

Ottawa, July 12.—Lord and Lady Derby and suite took farewell of Ottawa this afternoon. From Rideau Hall they were escorted by a detachment of the Princess Louise dragoon guards, and a guard of honor was drawn up at the Canadian Pacific depot to receive them there. There was also a salute fired from Nepean Point to mark the occasion of their departure. As the train pulled out at the depot the vice-regal party were cheered. There were only a few ministers in town, but those who are were at the depot. The ministers will take final farewell with Lord Derby on Saturday at Quebec. Judge Fournier of the Supreme Court, will swear in Lieut.-General Montgomery Moore as administrator of Canada until Lord Aberdeen arrives at Quebec, immediately after Lord Derby steps on board the Sardinian.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

Irish Wrath Aroused by the Utterances of an English Tory.

London, July 11.—Th house of commons, sitting in committee, continued this evening the discussion of clause 9 of the Home Rule bill. This clause concerns the question of Irish representation at Westminster.

Henry Seton-Karr, Conservative, St. Helen's, moved that the Irish members of the Imperial parliament be elected by the constituencies which would elect the Irish in the house of commons. They would then number forty-eight instead of eighty, as proposed by the bill.

Rt. Hon. John Morley, chief secretary for Ireland, replied that the proposal was based on no principle of government but was the result merely of a desire to curtail Irish representation in the house, and could not be accepted by the government.

Sir Richard Temple, Conservative, Kingston division of Surrey, said that even 48 Irish members would be too many.

William Broderick, Conservative, Guildford division of Surrey, agreed with Sir Richard Temple. The Irish were both impecunious and garrulous, and therein lay two reasons for reducing their representation in the house to a minimum.

Thomas Sexton, anti-Parnellite, North Kerry, interrupted Mr. Broderick to say that such language was grossly impertinent, and ought not to be permitted in the house.

The Unionists shouted "withdraw" and the Irish cheered.

Lord Randolph Churchill suggested that Mr. Sexton withdraw his words, as Mr. Broderick's were not intended for him personally.

The chairman told Mr. Sexton that he was out of order and must withdraw his expressions concerning Mr. Broderick's speech.

Mr. Sexton expressed his willingness to obey the chairman in case Mr. Broderick would first express regret for his language.

Timothy Healy, anti-Parnellite, North Louth, said he regarded Mr. Sexton's attitude as quite justifiable. To call the Irish race impecunious and garrulous was to insult every Irish member who stood by his countrymen.

The Irish cheered, the Unionists shouted their protests, and for two or three minutes the house was in an uproar.

Chairman Mellor appealed to the members to support him and close the incident.

Rt. Hon. Mr. Gladstone spoke a few words in favor of the chairman's decision, but added that the person striking the first blow ought to make the first overtures for a reconciliation.

Rt. Hon. Mr. Balfour, leader of the Unionists, said that acting under his advice his hon. friend, Mr. Broderick, refused to apologize.

The chairman turned appealingly to Mr. Sexton, who had been conferring with several of his colleagues on the Irish benches.

Mr. Sexton did not respond as was requested to the appeal. "I am," he said, "willing to do anything consistent with my duty to please the Prime Minister; but, considering the gravity of the insult offered to my countrymen, I have decided not to make an apology. I submit myself to the judgment of the committee."

Loud Irish cheers greeted the statement.

The chairman hesitated, and finally ordered Mr. Sexton to withdraw.

Mr. Sexton shouted back, "Such a course is unprecedented. Why am I not named and my conduct submitted to the House?"

Irish cheers, Unionists shouts and cries of "divide" followed this challenge. The chairman, with considerable spirit, repeated his order that Mr. Sexton withdraw. Mr. Sexton stuck doggedly to his seat.

The chairman then explained the standing order concerning the suspension of members disregarding the authority of the chair.

His last words were almost taken from his mouth by Timothy Healy, who exclaimed, "This is a shame; it has never been done before. It is due to Millman."

This reference to Archibald Millman, clerk assistant in the house, and the immediate inference that he had been coaching Mr. Mellor as to his duties caused a general disturbance. The Unionists shouted derisively, "Who is chairman?" The Irish replied in chorus, "Millman is boss." Several Liberals called out, "Let the chairman alone!"

Chairman Mellor sat quietly through the tumult. After the disorder he was again hated by Mr. Sexton, who shouted, "Am I to be the victim of a malicious intrusion of the clerk?" The inquiry was answered only by a renewal of the uproar, above which could be distinguished cries of "Put him out!"

Rt. Hon. Mr. Gladstone appealed to Mr. Sexton to obey the chairman.

Mr. Sexton replied with evident reluctance that he would leave his defence with the prime minister. Cheers and counter cheers were given when he made this statement. When he retired the Irish members jumped on the benches, waved their hats and cheered furiously.

After Mr. Broderick had withdrawn his statement that the Irish were garrulous and impecunious and order was restored, Mr. Seton-Karr's amendment, which had been lost to view in the hubbub, was rejected by a vote of 271 to 232.

Subsequently Timothy Healy appealed to Speaker Peel against Chairman Mellor's treatment of Mr. Sexton.

The speaker, however, supported Mr. Mellor's decision.

In the house of commons last night Edward Heneage, Unionist for Great Grimsby, moved an amendment to the effect that the Irish be excluded entirely from the house of commons.

Rt. Hon. Mr. Gladstone replied that the retention of the Irish members would prove the means of reassuring the doubters as to the experiment of Home Rule.

Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, leader of the Liberal Unionists, said in favor of the amendment that the retention of the Irish members would render it possible that at any time they might support a vote of want of confidence, and thus cause the fall of the existing government. Mr. Chamberlain referred to the bill as a complete fraud.

Rt. Hon. Mr. Balfour, leader of the Unionists, warned the government that the retention of the Irish members would result probably in the endless discussion of affairs in the house. In case the bill should pass it would be an advantage for the government to have the Irish members outside of the Imperial parliament, so that the best opportunity might be given for the smooth working of the measure.

Rt. Hon. Mr. Gladstone, amid derisive opposition cheers, moved the closure. It was carried by a vote of 241 to 211.

The division on the amendment caused considerable excitement, as it was reported that the Radicals as well as the Parnellites were liable to go with the opposition. The only Radical who voted against the government, however, was Henry Labouchere. Sir Charles Dilke abstained from voting. The Parnellites fulfilled expectation by supporting the amendment. The only exception was Timothy Harrington, who was absent. The anti-Parnellites supported the government. The result was the rejection of the amendment by a vote of 240 to 209. The committee then rose and the house adjourned.

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

News in Brief From Various Parts of the World.

London, July 11.—Lord Coleridge, Lord Chief Justice of England, was taken suddenly ill to-day at the Newcastle assizes. The court was adjourned.

Alexandria, July 11.—An Egyptian medical delegate from Mecca says the deaths from cholera there are double the number officially reported. In the valley of the Mouna it is impossible to bury the dead, and the road between there and Mecca is strewn with corpses. In Mecca corpses lie decomposing for days owing to the impossibility of getting grave diggers.

Paris, July 11.—M. Lepine, prefect of the Seine et Oise, has been appointed to succeed M. Loze in the prefecture of police here.

London, July 11.—In response to inquiries on the subject made in the house of commons to-day, G. E. Russell, parliamentary secretary of the Indian office, stated that the object of the recent silver legislation of the government of India was not to fix the value of the rupee at eleven pence or any other amount, but to prevent a future fall in the price of the rupee. He added that there was not yet a fixed ratio of value between the rupee and the sovereign.

Berlin, July 11.—Chancellor Von Caprivi has assured the kaiser that he counted on a majority of from 25 to 30 votes in favor of the military bill.

London, July 11.—A dispatch received this evening from Rio de Janeiro says that the cruiser Republica sailed from that port to-day for Rio Grande do Sul. The telegraphic service between the disturbed district and other parts of the country has been suspended. The situation in the city is critical. All the troops are kept under arms.

Berlin, July 11.—The czarewitch, who is returning from London, where he attended the royal wedding, to St. Petersburg, arrived at the Wild Parks station, in Potsdam, to-day. He was received cordially by the emperor, who was accompanied by two of the princes and several high officials and military officers. The emperor and czarewitch proceeded alone to the new palace. The czarewitch will resume his journey to-morrow morning.

London, July 11.—The New Zealand Loan and Mercantile Agency company, limited, has failed in consequence of the crashes that have lately occurred in the Australian financial world. The concern was one of the most important engaged in colonial financial affairs. The capital of the company was £4,500,000, £400,000 of which was paid up. It is feared that the company has been carrying on wide speculations in Australia.

London, July 11.—Hon. C. H. Tupper is paying a flying visit to London. He says that the arbitrators in the Behring Sea case are now considering the judgment, and that the British case looks well. The decision will probably be reached by the end of July. Sir John Thompson and Hon. C. H. Tupper expect to return to Canada by the first week in August.

Officers in Irons.

San Francisco, July 11.—When the Pacific Mail Steamship Colon arrived this morning two of her officers were under arrest, and in irons. The two men were Robert Donique, the freight clerk, and third officer A. J. Moors. The two men had been arrested for an assault made upon first officer Dorris. Both prisoners were turned over, to the United States marshal, when it appeared that Moore had a misunderstanding with the first officer, and struck him over the head with a revolver. Donique the freight clerk, took a hand in the proceedings too, and the third officer and he were then placed under arrest. The revolver was not loaded, and it does not appear whose property it is. Both the men were held on a charge of committing an assault with a deadly weapon.

Samoan Chiefs Will Fight.

Sydney, N. S. W., July 11.—A steamer which arrived here to-day from the Samoan Islands brings dispatches indicating that a war is imminent among the factions supporting King Malietoa and the adherents of Chief Mataafa. A British warship has been ordered to proceed to Apia, the capital of the islands, where she will join the German and American ships to preserve order and protect foreigners.

International Marine Signals.

London, July 11.—A dispatch from Boulogne to the Times says: France has submitted to Great Britain and America proposals to improve and simplify the code of signals of merchant shipping. If the proposals are approved an international conference on the subject will be held. France suggests the addition of two new flags which will make possible 44,858 extra signals. A reform is necessary on account of the increase of the speed of vessels, which curtails the period of interview.

Summer Death-Rate.

The greatest evidence of the dangers of Cholera Morbus, Diarrhea and Dysentery, is the increase in the death-rate of all the leading cities during the summer months. Men and women can not be too careful of their habits of life during the heated term, and particular attention should be paid to the diet of children. A supply of Perry Davis' Pain Killer should always be at hand, for it is the only medicine that can be relied on at all times as safe, sure and speedy. A teaspoonful will cure any ordinary case; but in severe attacks it is occasionally necessary to bathe the sufferer's stomach with the Pain Killer. All reputable druggists have it for sale. 25c. per large bottle.

TRACE AND TRYON.

A Fact Proving Tryon Was Not a "Brilliant Naval Strategist."

London, July 11.—The Globe says it is authorized to deny the published statement, to the effect that all the captains of the vessels that took part in the recent manoeuvres of the British Mediterranean squadron off Tripoli, were to be tried by court martial. According to the story which appeared in the Graphic of the charge to be made against the captains, it was that they had not obeyed Admiral Tryon's signals for the fleet formation, in attempting to carry out which signals the Camperdown ran into and sank the Victoria, the flagship of the squadron. The Globe says the manoeuvre was just beginning when the Camperdown struck the Victoria. The other ships did not have time to turn before the accident happened. The Globe further says that three years ago, Admiral Tryon, who was commanding the fleet manoeuvres, signalled an order for the identical evolution that resulted in the loss of his ship and his own life. Rear Admiral Richard E. Trace, who is now in command at the Malta dockyard, was in command of the vessel at the head of the port column. He saw the danger that would be involved in carrying out the order and refused to answer the signal. Admiral Tryon waited for 15 minutes, and receiving no answering signal, annulled his order and the signal for the evolution was hauled down. Admiral Tryon raised no question about Rear Admiral Trace's refusal to obey the order.

Newfoundland Shore Dispute.

St. Johns, Nfld., July 11.—The colony is threatened with more serious complications arising out of the French shore question. The French flagship Naiade, Admiral la Mornaix, arrived here on Sunday to participate in the anniversary of the French republic on Friday next, and also to arrange the recent difficulty over the French shore. Five weeks ago the French lobster packers imported large quantities of trade implements in the steamer Harlow to Boone Bay. They refused to pay duty thereon, claiming that the Frenchman's goods were exempted. The government seized the goods for non-payment of duty, and sold them at auction. The French admiral yesterday had a conference with the government and executive council. He demanded the return of the goods. The governor refused and he gave them until 5 o'clock in the afternoon for a final answer. None arriving at the proper time he hoisted anchor and left the port, refusing to attend a dinner arranged in his honor that evening and a ball on Wednesday evening. The British cruiser Cleopatra, Commodore Curzon-Howe, also came here to receive the Naiade. The Cleopatra's officers are indignant at the action of the French admiral who threatened all sorts of terrible things. Admiral la Mornaix has gone to St. Pierre to report to the government, thence he will sail to the French shore. The Cleopatra awaits instructions from England and will then follow the Naiade. It is believed that the matter will result in considerable friction, possibly an outbreak when the two warships meet.

Subject to Catalepsy.

San Antonio, Tex., July 12.—Miss Ida Bauwest, 19, who came here a few months ago from Neuwaldt, Saxony, is lying at her home here apparently dead. It is a case of suspended animation, in which condition she has been for three days. She has had five such attacks. In one of them, about three years ago, she was in a cataleptic condition for five days. During that time her friends and relatives were so fully persuaded that she was dead, that she was dressed in her shroud and placed in a coffin, and would have been buried but for the protest of her mother. Physicians had pronounced that life was extinct, and one of them, to demonstrate to her family that she was dead, applied a red hot iron to her feet. The girl winced perceptibly and sighed; this startled everybody. A short time after the girl regained consciousness and was ravenously hungry. She ate everything put before her. Ever since then after each spell when she regains consciousness, she eats heartily and is stout and healthy for from one to three months, when she is seized with another attack.

What a Volcano Can Do.

Few people in this country imagine what terrible work a volcano of the regulation size can do when it once gets fully aroused, says the Philadelphia Times. In 1838 Cotopaxi threw its fiery rockets more than 3000 feet above the crater, and in 1857, when the blazing mass contained in the same mountain was struggling for an outlet, it roared so loudly that the awful noise was heard for a distance of 600 miles. In 1797 the crater of Tunguragua, one of the great peaks of the Andes, flung out torrents of mud and lava which dammed up a great river, opened new lakes, besides making a deposit of seething mud, ashes and lava 600 feet deep over the whole area of a valley which was twenty miles long and averaged 1000 feet in width. The stream of lava which flowed from Vesuvius in 1837 and passed through the valley of Terra del Greco is estimated to have contained 333,000,000 cubic feet of solid matter. In 1760 Etna poured out a flood of melted stones and ashes which covered eighty-four square miles of fertile country to a depth of from ten to forty feet. On this occasion the sand, scoria, lava, etc., from the burning mountain formed Mount Rasini, a peak two miles in circumference and over 4000 feet high. In the eruption of Vesuvius in the year 79 A.D., the time of the destruction of Pompeii, the scoria, ashes, sand and lava vomited forth far exceeded the entire mass of the volcano itself, while in 1660 Etna disgorged over twenty times its own mass. Vesuvius has sent its ashes into Syria, Egypt and Turkey. It hurled stones of 800 pounds weight to Pompeii, a distance of six English miles, during the eruption of 79 A.D. Cotopaxi once projected a block of stone containing over 100 cubic yards a distance of nine and one-half miles.

How to Get "Sunlight" Picture

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why Does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

Some new shades in plain ingrain Wallpapers with deep borders at Weller Bros.

Mr. Chas. N. Hauer

Of Frederick, Md., suffered terribly for over ten years with abscesses and running sores on his left leg. He wasted away, grew weak and thin, and was obliged to use a cane and crutch. Everything which could be thought of was done without good result, until he began taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which effected a perfect cure. Mr. Hauer is now in the best of health. Full particulars of his case will be sent all who address C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner Pills assist digestion, cure [illegible] biliousness.

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC,

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.

VICTORIA B. C

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Harry J. Black, of Hamilton, suicided by drowning himself in the bay. The cause was poor health.

Sydney Lewis, a clerk in the Toronto city hall, borrowed $200 from a fellow clerk and disappeared from the city.

An attempt is being made to organize a piano-tuners' association here for the Dominion, similar to that in the United States.

Solicitor-General Curran will appear for the Dominion Government before the Supreme Court in the reference on the Manitoba school case.

The wife of Mr. Homer, of Rock Forest, near Sherbrooke, Que., presented her liege lord with four cherubs in addition to the ten he already possessed.

The Massey Music Hall, costing $150,000, the gift of H. A. Massey to the citizens of Toronto, is to be opened May, 1894, with a grand musical festival.

Ten clerks in the Geological Survey have had their salaries reduced from $60 a month to $400 a year owing to the enforcement of the Civil Service Act.

The Ottawa Protestant hospital has received the bequest of $10,000 left by the late John Roberts. It is to be devoted to the erection of a new wing, to be called the Roberts' wing.

The estate of the Evening Star, Toronto, was sold to J. J. Crabbe for $5000. The claims of the preferred creditors were $5900, and they will thus lose $900. The employees will receive nothing.

At Ottawa since May 1 seven persons have been drowned, three killed by electricity, three by lightning or its effects, three by railway accidents, one killed in a sawmill, and two dropped dead.

The city treasurer of Toronto received a cheque of $6729, being 8 per cent. of the earnings of the street railway for June, which totalled $84,118. The city's share of the earnings for June, 1892, was $9069.

L. J. Forget, the well known broker, has returned to Montreal from his trip to England. He denies the story that he was endeavoring, with the assistance of a number of American capitalists, to secure control of the Grand Trunk railway.

The bark Marlborough has been chartered out of Montreal to take a cargo of hay to Havre at 55s. This is the first charter of the kind ever made in Canada, and is made possibly by a shortage in the French hay crop.

The wife of John Reid, of Port Stanley, fell into a spring, in which was a barrel, at the rear of her house. She was found drowned two and a half hours later. She was only 23 and leaves three children, the youngest being fifteen months old.

The friends of ex-premier Abbott are becoming anxious regarding his health, his removal to the country residence not having proved as beneficial as was hoped. A consultation of his medical advisers has been held, but no details have been given out.

An incendiary fire in a thickly-built quarter of Owen Sound destroyed the livery and sales stables formerly occupied by Jonas Ostt, the Ross House stables, James Coates' saddlery and the Ross block. It also badly damaged the Seldon House and Royal Hotel stables. It was with the greatest difficulty that an extensive conflagration was averted.

The Montreal presbytery will hold a special meeting to consider the famous Campbell heresy case. A formal charge of heresy has been made against Rev. Dr. Campbell. The charges are based on an address delivered before the students of Queen's College, Kingston, in which he questioned the perfection of the Bible. The case is expected to give rise to a long controversy.

The village of Fairville, a suburb of St. John, N. B., for the third time within a brief period was again devastated by fire on Monday afternoon. The burned district covers a large area, on which a number of new buildings had been erected after the fire of a year ago, together with a portion of the village which escaped previous fires. All the churches and halls escaped this time, but the C. P. R. depot and freight house were reduced to ashes. Altogether some thirty-five residences were destroyed, many being owned by poor people who had just succeeded in getting the buildings up and fit for occupation. About 80 families are homeless, and the loss is greater than by the big fire a year ago, inasmuch as there is very little insurance and the buildings are much more valuable.

Notice of Removal.

DR. GARROW has removed his office to Room 1, Moody Block. Residence, 21 Queen's Avenue. m19-tf

Naval Contracts.

Tenders will be received here on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until noon of Tuesday, 1st of August next, for supplying such quantities of soft bread, salt beef, lime, coffins, and digging graves as may be required for naval purposes.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Forms of tenders can be obtained at this office.

JAMES H. INNES,
Naval Storekeeper, etc.

Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, 1 July, 1893. 13-td

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a general and a special general meeting of the Shareholders of the Nakusp and Slocan Railway Company will be held at the offices of the Company, No. 28 Fort street, in the City of Victoria, on Wednesday, the 9th day of August, 1893, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon;

For the purpose of electing Directors of the Company;

And for the purpose of obtaining the approval of the Shareholders to an agreement for the leasing and lifting of the Railway to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, the railway to be operated by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

By order of the Board,

A. J. WEAVER BRIDGMAN,
July 5-12,19,26 Secretary-Treas.

NOTICE

The partnership heretofore existing between John Coigdarripe and Luke Pither, carrying on business on Yates street, in the city of Victoria, under the firm name of Boucherat & Co., wine and spirit merchants, was dissolved on the 1st day of April last by mutual consent, Max Leiser having purchased the interest of John Coigdarripe in the said firm.

The business of the firm will be continued by Messrs. Luke Pither and Max Leiser, upon the same premises under the firm name of Pither & Leiser, successors to Boucherat & Co., and they have assumed all the liabilities of the old firm.

Dated this 14th day of June, 1893.

J. COIGDARRIPE,
LUKE PITHER,
MAX LEISER.

Witness:—
GEORGE JAY, Jr. je14-1m

CAUTION.

No one is authorized to contract any bills against the Union Ice Co., of Seattle or Tacoma, and we will not be responsible for same. Any person having claims against us will please forward same at once to Union Ice Co., Tacoma.

Mr. J. Jacobs is our authorized agent at Victoria.

jy10-tf UNION ICE CO.

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTCE is hereby given, that the partnership lately subsisting between the undersigned, Carl Strouss and Emanuel Bloomingdale, doing business on Wharf street, in the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, under the name and style of "C. Strouss & Co.," was this day dissolved by mutual consent, and all persons indebted to us are authorised and directed to pay the amount of their accounts to Emanuel Bloomingdale, to whom they have been assigned, who will carry on the business at the old stand and under the old name.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 22nd day of June, A. D. 1893.

(Signed) CARL STROUSS.
(Signed) EMANUEL BLOOMINGDALE
Witness, (Sgd.) Francis B. Gregory.
j23-1m-d&w

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership existing between Alexander Begg and J. H. A. Lynch, under the style of the B. C. Guide Publishing Co., and Begg & Lynch, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts due the said firm to be paid to Alexander Begg, who assumes the liabilities.

ALEXANDER BEGG.
J. H. A. LYNCH.

Witness: Alex. McNiven.
Victoria, B.C., June 17, 1893.

The Hand Book and Guide to British Columbia will hereafter be published by Alexander Begg, the July number of which will appear as usual about the 15th inst. j8-1w

BIG G — TRADE MARK — CURE YOURSELF! Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor. The Universal American Cure. Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. PRICE $1.00

WEAKNESS OF MEN

Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured

by a new perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day; soon know yourself a king among men in body, mind and heart. Drains and losses ended. Every obstacle to happy married life removed. Nerve force, will, energy, brain power, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. All small and weak portions of the body enlarged and strengthened. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from folly, overwork, early errors, ill health, regain your vigor! Don't despair, even if in the last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist; here go hand in hand. Write for our book with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.

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STAMINAL

Supplies the feeding qualities of

Beef and Wheat,

And the tonic qualities of

Hypophosphites

Combined in the form of a

PALATABLE BEEF TEA.

A Valuable Food and Tonic.

A Novel —FOR— 3⅓ cts.

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The BEST BOOKS by the Best Authors at One-Third of their Value.

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To any Times subscriber who will send us Four of the following Coupons (which may be cut from four issues of the same date, or from four issues of different dates), accompanied by Ten Cents in postage stamps, we will send post-paid by mail Any Three Books to be selected by yourself from the list printed below:—

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Cut out and send to this office Four of the above Coupons, together with Ten Cents, and we will send you post-paid Any Three of the following books:—

No. 1. THE SCARLET LETTER. By Nathaniel Hawthorne.
No. 2. THE MYSTERY OF COLDEFELL; or, NOT PROVEN. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 3. UNDER THE RED FLAG. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 4. KING SOLOMON'S MINES. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 5. AROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHTY DAYS. By Jules Verne.
No. 6. THE CORSICAN BROTHERS. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 7. LADY GRACE. By Mrs. Henry Wood.
No. 8. AVERIL. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 9. THE BLACK DWARF. By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 10. A NOBLE LIFE. By Miss Mulock.
No. 11. THE BELLE OF LYNN; or, THE MILLER'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 12. THE BLACK TULIP. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 13. THE DUCHESS. By "The Duchess."
No. 14. NURSE REVEL'S MISTAKE. By Florence Warden.
No. 15. MERLE'S CRUSADE. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 16. A STUDY IN SCARLET. By A. Conan Doyle.
No. 17. ROCK RUIN; or, THE DAUGHTER OF THE ISLAND. By Mrs. Ann S. Stephens.
No. 18. LORD LISLE'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 19. THE ARMORER OF TYRE. By Sylvanus Cobb, Jr.
No. 20. MR. GILFIL'S LOVE STORY. By George Eliot.
No. 21. A SCARLET SIN. By Florence Marryatt.
No. 22. THE SEA KING. By Captain Marryatt.
No. 23. THE SIEGE OF GRANADA. By Sir E. Bulwer Lytton.
No. 24. MR. MEESON'S WILL. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 25. JENNY BARLOWE. By W. Clarke Russell.
No. 26. BEATON'S BARGAIN. By Mrs. Alexander.
No. 27. THE SQUIRE'S DARLING. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 28. THE RUSSIAN GIPSY. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 29. THE WANDERING HEIR. By Charles Reade.
No. 30. FLOWER AND WEED. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 31. NO THOROUGHFARE. By Chas. Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
No. 32. THE GREAT HOGGARTY DIAMOND. By W. M. Thackeray.

The above books are well printed and bound in paper covers. They are sold regularly at retail for ten cents each, so that our offer enables our readers to buy them at one-third of their value. It is a chance to secure standard works of fiction at merely nominal cost.

One of the above coupons will be published in every issue of the Times until further notice. Cut out and save them until you have four, when they can be sent to the office and the three books of your selection obtained. Then you can again save the coupons until you have four more when you can secure three more books, and so on.

We make this liberal offer, whereby some of the best works of fiction in the English language may be secured by our readers for the merest trifle of expense, in order to increase our circulation. Our Present Readers will Greatly Oblige us by Calling the attention of their Friends to the fact that by buying The Times they can secure the advantages of our Great Book Offer. Address—

(N.B.—Of the stock of books first received, several of the numbers in the above list are exhausted, but another supply will be received in two weeks' time. All orders which include any of the missing novels will be filed pending arrival of new supply. This explanation will account for any delay that may occur in receiving books.)

THE TIMES,
Victoria, B.C

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

I am instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the salesroom, 40 Yates street, on

Saturday Next, the 15th,

at 2 p.m. the following pieces or parcels of land, containing two-thirds of an acre, more or less, situated in the corner of Fort Bay Road and Gonzales Avenue, being

Lot 1 of Section 69,

on which is erected a 10-roomd hard-finished house also

Lot 41, Section 69,

Victoria District, with all the buildings thereon; also,

Lots 39 and 40,

situated on Davie street, close to the Oak Bay car line. The lots are 63 feet 9 ins. by 120 feet. Also,

One Acre of Land,

situated on Charles street.

Lot 28, of section 98, 13 acres more or less, close to Parson's Bridge.

Terms—Cash. Deeds at purchasers' expense. Titles guaranteed.

W. R. CLARKE, Auctioneer.

July 10-d.

Notice Our Prices In the Window We Will meet any And all Competition. Our Stock Is Fresh and Well Assorted.

Franck's Grocery,

COR. FORT & QUADRA STS.
TELEPHONE 204

Atlantic Steamship Lines.

Tickets to and from Europe via CHICAGO AND THE WORLD'S FAIR, through NEW YORK, BOSTON and CANADIAN PORTS, via any Atlantic Steamship Lines. For particulars, dates, rates, etc. Apply to

ALLAN CAMERON,
General Steamship Agent
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CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government street, Victoria.

MILK GRANULES.

The Ideal Food for Infants!

It contains nothing that is not naturally present in pure cow's milk.

It is absolutely free from Starch, Glucose and Cane Sugar, and when dissolved in the requisite quantity of water it yields a product that is

The Perfect Equivalent of Mother's Milk.

Southern Forest Life.

For six days we paddled on through scenery as impossible to describe as it would be to convey to canvas, under gigantic overhanging trees, hung from the topmost boughs with creepers and tendrils innumerable, and starred with brilliant blossoms and gorgeous orchids. Butterflies of every hue flitted among them, rivalled only in their beauty by the plumage of the birds that lit up a scene impressive in its stillness. Now and then that stillness would be broken by the harsh cry of a toucan with his enormous bill, passing over us, or of the kingfisher, as it darted ahead, a flash of sunlit splendor. Sometimes a flight of chattering parrots would darken the sky, as they passed in search of the favorite plume on the pine ridge, or a troop of monkeys would follow us from bough to bough, resenting our intrusion with curious gestures and grimaces. An otter would silently slip from his favorite nook and disappear beneath the mirror-like surface of the water; or a snake, hideously beautiful in his striped colors, would cross our bows with erect head and pass into the thick foliage of the banks. Sometimes our men would give us a hushed signal, and silently we would steal up to a shelving bank where an alligator lay taking his siesta in the sun. Bang! bang! from both Winchesters, and the water was lashed by his agonizing struggles and stained with blood as he was dragged below to be devoured by his ever-ready cannibal relations. Sometimes paddling, sometimes poling, sometimes hauling the boat with the aid of the overhanging branches, sometimes wading over "runs," or rolling the barrels round by the bank, while the boats were lifted over the more obstructive falls, we made our way. Rocks studded with maidenhair ferns sometimes shaded us from the sun, but most of our way lay past dense foliage. We encamped each afternoon about four o'clock in the most likely place we could select. Capt. M. and myself always slept in the boats, but the men in half an hour would clear a space and rig up a rough shelter of palm leaves for themselves. A fire was soon made and the two iron pots were soon full of plantains, parrots, small birds, iguanas, or anything that had fallen to our guns. Parrots are said to live for 200 years; after eating them I should say that their age is considerably under-estimated. We tried monkey once, which, although rather like sweet rabbit, was an experiment never repeated.

Strong nerves, sweet sleep, good appetite, healthy digestion, and best of all, Pure Blood, are given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Mason's patent reliable Fruit Jars and Jellies in all sizes at Weiler Bros. *

MAN-EATING TIGERS IN INDIA.

Their Terrible Ferocity and Cunning.

A correspondent of the Allahabad Pioneer mentions the career of a young tigress which in the space of nine months killed some dozens of human beings, depopulated several villages, and stopped work over the greater part of a forest division in spite of the most strenuous efforts made to destroy her—efforts increased by the incentive of Rs. 500 reward offered for her head.

She began her career in July by killing two women near a forest village, and by the end of the following December had killed at least 20 persons, becoming bolder and more cunning with each fresh murder. Her beat lay in the foothills of the Himalayas, and she roamed over an area of 25 miles long by three or four broad. The country was such that she could neither be tracked for any distance nor driven by elephants or beaters. She would not kill a tied buffalo, nor would she go back to a corpse if once disturbed. She became at last so bold that she would in open daylight carry off men and women when cutting the crops in the terraced fields, stalking the unfortunates from above and suddenly springing on them.

The terror of her ferocity spread through the country. The villagers left their homes for safer regions, and no wonder, for the writer found on one occasion a village seemingly deserted, but in reality in a state of siege, the inhabitants being afraid to draw water from a stream a hundred yards from their houses. Work was commencing in the forests, and in a short time the tigress learned to stalk the sound of an axe, and made many victims before the forest was proved to be even more dangerous than the fields had been. The method of attack adopted was so sudden as to prevent any possibility of escape, the blow dealt so deadly as to prevent even a cry for help being possible. The victim was dead and carried off before his companions knew what had occurred. The most strenuous efforts were made for her destruction—poison, spring guns and dead falls were ineffectually resorted to; any number of buffaloes were tied up at night; and many a time the fresh trail of a kill was taken up in hopes of obtaining a shot at the tigress, but with no further result than that of recovering a mangled or half-eaten corpse.

During January and February this tigress had killed 15 or 20 more persons, and at last a file of soldiers were requisitioned to see what force could do to remove this horrible animal, cunning having been found of no avail. On being killed she was found to be a young animal, in perfect condition; the pad of her left forefoot had at one time been deeply cut from side to side, but had thoroughly healed, leaving, however, a deep scar, which proved her presence wherever she roamed.

The writer mentions one instance in which two cowherds, living in a small grass hut in a somewhat wild forest, were cooking their food in the evening when a tiger suddenly sprang on one and carried him off. His companion intimidated the animal with shouts and threats, and succeeded in making him leave his victim. Carrying his wounded companion into the hut, the man closed the entrance and waited for daylight. But this he never saw, for after a time, the tiger, emboldened by the increasing darkness returned, and, forcing his way into the hut, carried off the uninjured man, who was doubtless doing all he could to prevent the tiger's approach. The other who was first seized died of his wounds and of terror the next day, after relating the story to those who had found him.

"Of the man-eaters I have known, none have been old or decrepit animals, driven to feed on human beings because they could not obtain other food. They lived in a country full of game, and where cattle were plentiful; but they had lost their fear of man, and, trusting to their superior strength and cunning, had no difficulty in satisfying their hunger. At the same time they seemed to recognize that an armed man was dangerous, and that they must be doubly on their guard to avoid falling into a trap. It is this apparent knowledge of man and his habits, amounting in some instances almost to reason, that renders a man-eating tiger so terrible."

The Drought in Wales.

The News of the World of June 11 says: The water famine in Wales has assumed a very serious aspect. On the mountain slope at Moelfryfan nearly all the wells have dried up, and the residents have to walk long distances in search of water. At Branyfoel, on the Carmel mountain, all the wells have dried up. The Board Schools at Talysarn and Llanllyfan have been closed owing to the prevalence of scarlet fever. The drought in the west of England is the most serious experienced during the present century, this being the 99th day since rain fell in any quantity. A water famine is feared in Plymouth, and yesterday the supply was cut off for ten hours. It is stated there is only one day's supply in storage, and that the quantity running into the reservoir is daily diminishing. There will be a further curtailment, and the supply to manufacturers will probably cease altogether. Farmers in the district are suffering immensely, all hands being engaged, in some instances, in carting water for cattle for several miles. There is no hay or grass in many parts of Cornwall, and the animals are being fed on young corn. There is no rain, and the heat is intense.

Buddhist Monks in China.

A wealthy landed proprietor of Foochow, China, curious to know how many roving Buddhist monks—monks who are not attached to any monastery—there were in that city, posted a placard the other day, says the North China Daily News, in one of the principal thoroughfares of Foochow, notifying that he would dispense alms to wandering monks in a large and ancient monastery near the Governor's "yamen." On the day appointed there appeared dirty, rugged and beggarly looking votaries of Buddha to the number of 2343, who each came to claim his portion of 100 cash and four "man-t'au," or meat balls rolled up in steamed dough, as well as a meal of boiled rice and vegetables at the rate of 50 cash per man. The donor's curiosity has now been satisfied, but his thirst after knowledge cost him over $250.

Scissors.

Though no complexities are involved in the making of scissors, yet the process is very interesting. They are forged from good bar steel heated to redness, each blade being cut off with sufficient metal to form the shank, or that destined to form the cutting part and bow, or that which later on is fashioned into the holding portion. For the bow a small hole is punched and this is afterward expanded to the proper size by hammering it on a conical iron, after which both shank and bow are filed into a more perfect shape and the hole bored in the middle for the rivet. The blades are next ground and the handles filed smooth and burnished with oil and emery, after which the pairs are fitted together and tested as to their easy working. They are not finished, however. They have to undergo hardening and tempering, and be again adjusted, after which they are finally put together again and polished for the third time. In comparing the edge of knives and scissors it will be noticed, of course, that the latter are not in any way so sharply ground as the former, and that in cutting scissors crush and bruise more than knives.

The Quality of the French Soldier.

There is one quality in the French soldier which gives him a supreme value. It has, by the writer of his own country, been called endurance, but perhaps that word in English hardly gives the equivalent of what is meant; it is rather a power of recuperation and of extreme effort for a particular object, which distinguishes him. It goes side by side with a peculiar gaiety which shows him the lighter view of the darkest case. There is another quality—which in days of short service and rapid action is of no less importance—it is his intelligence.

The two combined more than compensate for those qualities in which the critics of other nations find him lacking. The conclusions, for example, at which a casual observer might arrive in regard to the marching power or rapidity of a French regiment, or the number of stragglers which it would leave on a forced march, or the minimum amount of food or sleep required by the men in any difficult circumstances, would, as a rule, be entirely erroneous.

A type of man whom many would consider the least able to endure fatigue is, on the contrary, the most severely tried and the most heavily burdened of any soldier in the modern armies. It has, indeed, been a criticism passed by most military authorities in Europe that the French line has always carried into action a weight which seriously impaired its value. In 1870 this was certainly the case, and even nowadays, when everything in the accoutrement has been reduced to bare necessaries, the French private in full kit is expected to march, and succeeds in marching, with the weight of everything that will make him independent of the impedimenta of the army.

It has been the policy of the French military authorities at all times to give to their infantry a mobility superior to that of their opponents, and to effect this they have relied to the utmost upon the energy of the troops at their command. That this mobility will be of the highest utility, and that its importance increases daily with the changes of method which have been introduced in warfare cannot be denied, and it is a witness to the force of the material upon which the conscription draws that the strain has not proved too great under the hardest conditions of the manoeuvres and experimental marches by which its effects are tested.—The Contemporary Review.

The Decline of Profanity.

The habit of swearing is dying out. It was, within the memory of those who do not like to think themselves old, very common. I have heard, on what I am sure is trustworthy authority, of a clergyman of the last generation who, summoned to breakfast while at his morning devotions, turned upon the unfortunate messenger with the exclamation:—"——— you! How dare you interrupt my prayers!" Much less extreme instances are known to many of us which would now be simply impossible. Are we becoming more pious? That is not the general impression. Is the fibre of the race softening? That is often maintained, but I do not think successfully. The Civil War is there to disprove it for Americans, at least. Or are we, as French men and women did long ago, learning more adequately to master the resources of our own tongue, and becoming independent of this crude and rather stupid—to call it nothing worse—device?—Edward Carey, in The Century.

Pigmies in Spain.

Since the explorations of recent travellers have completely verified the older accounts of a race of dwarfs or pigmy men in Africa, renewed interest has been aroused in the tradition that a race of human dwarfs also lives in Spain. Mr. R. G. Haliburton, who has specially interested himself in the investigation of the truth of this tradition, seems convinced that it is true. According to the information he has collected, these Spanish pigmies vary in height from about three and a quarter to four feet, and are precisely similar to the dwarfs of Africa. They possess the tufts of wool which are characteristic of all dwarf races. Some of these little people are said to live in the valley of Ribas on the slopes of the Pyrenees, and to be employed as shepherds. The British consul at Barcelona is convinced of their existence, and as the distance to their country from Barcelona, or from southern France, is not great, additional information about them should soon be forthcoming.

Old Polo.

In "The Arabian Nights" we read of a wise sage who cured a great king by a decoction, with which he anointed the handle of a stick with which the king was in the habit of playing a game at ball, to the end that when the royal hand perspired in the vigor of the play the open pores might receive the medicament.

The translator speaks of this stick as a "golfstick" (sic), but it is plain from the context that the game was played on horseback. It was, in fact, polo. Indeed, the illustrations of the very same edition show the said king playing the game on horseback.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Northern Pacific.

Double trains daily to St. Paul, Milwaukee and Chicago without change of cars. Connects at St. Paul and Chicago for all points east and south. Superior Pullman sleepers, upholstered tourist cars and dining cars on all through trains. Direct service to the Yellowstone national park. Fast time and all the reduced rates offered patrons of this line. For full information call or address E. E. Blackwood, ticket agent, Adelphi building, Victoria.

For 50 Years Perry Davis' Pain Killer

Has demonstrated its wonderful power of KILLING EXTERNAL and INTERNAL PAIN. No wonder then that it is found on

The Surgeon's Shelf
The Mother's Cupboard
The Traveler's Valise,
The Soldier's Knapsack
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The Cowboy's Saddle
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The Pioneer's Cabin
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The Cyclist's Bundle

ASK FOR THE NEW "BIG 25c BOTTLE."

To Bring Baby Safely Through July

The most wholesome and nourishing diet must be given. NESTLÉ'S MILK FOOD fully meets this requirement. It is composed of milk with all its cream, wheaten bread crusts and sufficient sugar, NOTHING ELSE. The simplicity and perfection of manufacture of this food have secured for it world wide favor as the mothers and physicians mainstay for infants in hot weather.

Sample mailed free on application.

Thos. Leeming & Co., Montreal.

What Shall we Drink

This summer, above all others we should be careful as to what we drink. We need not be frightened at Cholera, if we are only prepared for it.

Nothing can be more wholesome, cooling and invigorating than

"Montserrat" Lime Fruit Juice

Taken with aerated or even plain water and sweetened it is a most delightful drink. It is cheaper than lemons. Be sure you get "Montserrat."

Composer Mascagni.

In an interesting account of Signor Mascagni by a Florentine writer who evidently knows him well, amusing reference is made to a habit which he acquired in early life, but of which he has now broken himself, of scribbling his musical inspirations, themes and memoranda in ink across his white starched shirt front. Himself a rapid worker, his method of stimulating dilatory librettists to speed is also decidedly original. It appears he writes them letters in Italian verse and tears up the paper, sending half to each poet, so that the letter makes no sense at all until it is pieced together again. Mascagni, like so many other Italian artists, is also said to carry in his pockets an extraordinary collection of amulets against the superstition of the "evil eye," the list including corals, horns of mother of pearl, ivory and ebony, some of them bearing the effigy of his patron saint, St. George, besides a goodly number of lucky chestnuts.

The Up-To-Date Baby.

Visitor (picking up the baby)—"So this is the baby, is it? Bless his little tootsie wootsies! Kchee! Watch me poke am's ribs."

The Up-to-date Baby—"Mother, will you kindly inform me whether the deplorable condition of this person is due to permanent dementia or spasmodic and intermittent insanity?"

Lincrusta Walton and Lignomur for wall decorating, a perfect imitation of carved wood, at Weiler Bros. *

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 18.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Monday, May 1st, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Fridays, Saturdays & Sundays.	Miles from Wellington.
	P M	P M	
Wellington	12 15	7 30	
Extension	12 24	7 40	6
Cedar Hill	12 30	7 46	12
Cordova Bay	12 36	7 52	18
Sidney	12 45	8 00	26
Deep Cove	12 55	8 10	36
Brentwood	1 00	8 15	41
Keatings	1 05	8 20	46
Cobble Hill	1 10	8 25	51
Shawnigan Lake	1 20	8 35	61
Cowichan Station	1 25	8 40	66
Duncans	1 35	8 50	76
Somenos	1 45	9 00	86
Chemainus	2 10	9 30	113
Ladysmith	2 40	10 05	142
Nanaimo	3 15	11 00	179
Arrive Nanaimo	3 45	11 45	209

NORTH BOUND.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Fridays, Saturdays & Sundays.	Miles from Victoria.
	A M	P M	
Nanaimo	8 00	1 10	
Ladysmith	8 40	1 45	29
Chemainus	9 10	2 15	56
Somenos	9 35	2 45	83
Duncans	9 45	2 55	93
Cowichan Station	9 54	3 05	103
Shawnigan Lake	9 57	3 10	108
Cobble Hill	10 07	3 20	118
Cordova Bay	10 13	3 26	124
Keatings	10 22	3 35	133
Deep Cove	10 27	3 40	138
Brentwood	10 37	3 50	148
Sidney	10 42	3 55	153
Extension	11 00	4 15	173
Victoria	11 31	4 45	203
Arrive Victoria	P M	P M	

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
R. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 20,

Taking effect June 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 3 o'clock a.m.

Vanvouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 15:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Laidner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

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City of Puebla - - - July 13

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A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land, forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre, half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, Union. 52 Third street, Victoria.

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Northern Pacific RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Two Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (a change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of new equipment,
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are free to holders of First or Second-class tickets, and

ELEGANT DAY COACHES

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED 18 knots			Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			TONNAGE 1117		
8 00 am	Lv	M	... "Tacoma.	110	Ar	5 15 am		
10 15 am	Lv	28	... Seattle ...	82	Lv	3 00 am		
1 30 pm	Lv	*2	Pt. Townsend	38	Lv	11 45 pm		
4 30 pm	Ar	110	... Victoria ...	8	Lv	8 30 pm		

Fort Townsend Mail Route.

	Lv	M			A	
11 00 pm	Lv	28	... *Seattle ...	38	Ar	5 15 pm
12 30 am	Lv	39	. Port Madison	47	Lv	2 10 pm
	Lv	45	.. Kingston ...	41	Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49	. Port Gamble.	71	Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	73	. Port Ludlow.	13	Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	80	Pt. Townsend	M	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Saturday.
‖ Daily except Monday.

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On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria ..... Tuesday 8 a.m.
" Sansimo for Comox ..... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Vancouver and way ports every alternate Tuesday at ..... 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo ..... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria ..... Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria, 36 Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

For Honolulu,

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, August 2, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa ..... THURSDAY, July 27th, 1893, 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the Australia mail.

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

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General Agents.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

China, Japan and Australian Steamship Line.

STEAMSHIP "MIOWERA"

(3300 Tons), will sail from Vancouver for Honolulu, Sydney, Brisbane, June 14th, 1893.

STEAMSHIP "WARRINOO"

(3300 Tons), will sail from Vancouver for Honolulu, Sydney, Brisbane, July 14th, and regular monthly sailings thereafter.

CHINA AND JAPAN LINE.

Empress of Japan leaves Vancouver, June 3
" India " " July 1
" China " " Aug. 28
" Japan " " Aug. 26

(Subject to change and individual postponement.)

For rates of passage and further information apply to

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Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
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Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, o.c. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coa and wood for sale 272-tf

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B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary.
ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

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1?28 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

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E. LEWIS, Scribe E.
j4y

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend.
E. PFERDNER, K. of R. & S.
1029

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH Secretary.

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Diseases of women and children. Office: 90 Douglas Street. ju21 3m

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Toothache cured at once without pain for 50 cents. Daily at his residence, No. 56 Pandora Street. City Agents—Thos. Shotbolt, Druggist, Johnson St.; C. E. Jones, Druggist, 38 Government Street; R. J. Atwood, Druggist, Douglas Street.

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Splendid Summer Resort.
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ju20-4m

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THOS. T HULL, Assignee.
jun7-1m

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.
WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY,
July 12th and 13th.
RETURN OF THE FAVORITES
Mr. R. E. French
Presents his Excellent Stock Company in Production superb of the Beautiful Society Drama
THE BANKER'S DAUGHTER,
And the Famous American Military Drama
THE BLUE AND THE GRAY.
Seats, 25, 50 and 75 cents, now on sale at Jamieson's, 92 Government St. jy12-4t

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FRANCIS JOSEPH BROWN, President,
(President of the Elocutionists' Association of Canada.)
Largest and most advanced School of Oratory in Canada.
DEPARTMENTS—School of Voice Culture, School of Physical Culture, School of Dramatic Art.
Fall Term September 12.
For Catalogue address Francis Joseph Brown, care of Y.M.C.A., Toronto, Ont.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

New Lodge Knights of Pythias.

A preliminary Meeting will be held on Thursday, July 13th, at 8 o'clock p. m., at Castle Hall, Broad Street, for the purpose of Organising a new Lodge.

All Citizens interested in the above are cordially invited to attend.

HENRY F. W. BEHNSEN,
D. D. Gr. Chancellor.
jy11-3t

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

TO LET—Two large well-furnished bedrooms, with or without board. Apply 4 Gordon street, opposite Douglas House. jy11-3t

CHILDREN'S sewing wanted, 191 Pandora street. j11-4t

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TEACHER WANTED—For Hornby Island, public school. Apply at once to G. Heatherbill, Hornby Island, B. C. j3-2w

SITUATION WANTED—By young lady in store, office, or housework. Address M. L. Times office. j10-2t

WANTED—A situation in light house-work in small family. Address N., Times office. jy8-5t

WANTED—A general servant girl. Call at 132 Pandora street between 4 and 6 p.m. jy7-5t

A LADY with a comfortable home desires the entire charge of a child. References. L. L. Times office. j5-1m

WANTED—A parlor maid. Apply between the hours of 10 and 2. Mrs. Wm. Ward, "Highwood," Moss street. j5-tf

WANTED—A good strong girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. Cleathue, Cadboro Bay road, opposite Charles street. j28-tf

FOR SALE—Improved farm, 159 acres, 2 acres cleared; 14 stump; log house and 1 shed; near Mesliers R. R. Station; cheap at $1,100. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas st. j26

FOR SALE—New two story house, 5 rooms, Frances Avenue, Saanich Road; a bargain at $800; terms to suit. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St. ju26

TO LET—5 roomed house on Frances Avenue Saanich Road; cheap at $8. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St. ju26

FOR SALE—A half interest in Pierre Block; easy terms; good chance for a merchant who is paying rent. For particulars apply at 100 Douglas street.

TO RENT—With immediate possession, the store now occupied by the undersigned. Apply on the premises. A. B. Gray & Co., Wharf street. 16 ju-tf

PINKING AND STAMPING of all kinds done at reasonable prices at 5 James street, James Bay. june 16-1m

FOR SALE—A good paying business. Apply B., this office. jo9-tf

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25,
And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practicle experience of over 25 years. mar1

THE DOUGLAS HOUSE,
5 Gordon St., Victoria.
This first-class Private Family Boarding House, centrally situated, within extensive grounds, is open under new management for guests by the day, week or month at moderate rates. A few table boarders can be accommodated. may1-3m

NORTH SAANICH HOTEL.
FORFAR & WRIGHT, Proprietors.
This new hotel, situated on Shoal Bay, (near Brackman & Kerr's Mills) is now open for the reception of guests. Excellent boating and fishing, and a pleasant place to spend the holidays.
Comfortable rooms at moderate prices.
jy11-2m-d&w

PERSONAL.

Dr. Walkem is down from Wellington.

J. M. Lefevre, of Vancouver, is in the city.

Harold Martin, of Duluth, is quartered at the Victoria.

J. Laird and wife, of San Francisco, are at the Victoria.

S. Tingley, manager of the B. C. Express Company, is in the city.

A. M. Beattie, of Vancouver, is a guest at the Hotel Victoria.

C. R. Hamilton, of Vancouver, is among those registered at the Driard.

Mrs. J. W. Williams and Miss Williams returned last night from a visit to the Sound.

J. R. Maclaren, New Westminster; A. Maclagen and D. H. Maclaren, of Ottawa, are at the Driard.

W. D. Lyon, Mrs. Kobuld, Rat Portage; Miss Amy Bray, Keewatin, and Alex. McQueen, of Vancouver, are at the Driard.

THE DAILY TIMES

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At No. 87 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

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By mail to any part of the world, per year..... $10 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 00 per annum, paid in advance.

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CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

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THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

The Daily Times.

VICTORIA EXHIBITION

The date of the annual show of the B. C. Agricultural Society is from August 7 to August 12, and not September 7 to 12, as stated in the first advertisement published. In deciding to hold the show nearly two months earlier in the season than in former years, and much earlier than is customary in other places, the directors were influenced by the fact that the weather in August is invariably fine, whereas it sometimes happens, even in highly favored Victoria, that the reverse is the case in September. While the show will be too early for the season's grains and roots, it is expected that there will be large gains in other departments, and that on the whole the experiment of an August show will be successful. Mr. Lamberton, superintendent of the exhibition, has interviewed most of the manufacturers of the city, and has met with encouragement everywhere. All the exhibitors of last year in the industrial line, will endeavor to excel last year's efforts, and the success of the show in this department is already assured. There ought to be a fair display of flowers and fruits, and it is to be hoped the live stock exhibit will indicate the improvement that has taken place during the past few years, especially in the horses and cattle of the province. The active co-operation of our citizens is all that is needed to insure complete success, and this, no doubt, will be heartily given.

THE SEARCH FOR A SCAPEGOAT.

As Admiral Tryon is dead and beyond the reach of censure there has been much difficulty in finding a scapegoat experienced by the many who have discussed the Victoria disaster. The nearest approach to a sin-bearer is found in Rear-Admiral Markham, with whom two sorts of fault are found. For a time there was a great inclination among the scapegoat-hunters to condemn him because he did not promptly obey the commander's signal and turn his vessel as ordered without waiting to question it. Now, however, he is censured because he obeyed the order at all. It is pointed out for his edification that in similar circumstances some time ago Rear-Admiral Tracy refused to obey a similar order given by Admiral Tryon, and thereby avoided a disaster like that which befell the Victoria. If this story is true Admiral Tracy must have been in great luck to escape a courtmartial and a severe sentence, for disobedience of orders is one of the direst offences known to the rulers of the navy. There are ten chances to one that if Admiral Markham had disregarded his superior officer's signal he would have suffered severely for it. And those who now condemn him on the high moral ground that he should have braved punishment rather than endanger the lives of others would then have been foremost in assailing him for his breach of discipline. There is one thing obvious to the impartial onlooker, namely, that Admiral Markham acted in the most natural manner. Ninety-nine men out of every hundred would first have questioned the strange order and then striven to obey it when it was repeated, just as he did. At all events it is not just that he should be condemned on two contradictory grounds, and it would seem more decent to let alone Admiral Markham and all the others concerned until a strict enquiry has been held.

Montreal Herald:—The old story of stimulating a donkey to a gallop by dangling a bunch of carrots about a foot in advance of his nose seems repeated in the delusive hopes by which the hearts of some exporters are kept up under the heavy infliction of the provisions of the McKinley bill. First of all it was the egg trade that was going to boom up with Great Britain to an extent that would make every exporting agent happy. Two years' experiment, however, proved the impossibility of making any great trade in that line under present conditions of transit, and, as the Herald all the time predicted, the business was soon dropped by the merchants, some of whom scorched their fingers over it. At present it is the hay export that is to bring prosperity to everybody, but we venture to say that that business will in ordinary times prove as little profitable as the egg trade. The margin between the prices paid in Britain for the "best" hay and the cost of Canadian, seems to leave a tempting opportunity for profit, but the difference in quality is the rock on which the calculations split.

The new criminal code, compiled under Sir John Thompson's supervision, contains a good many anomalies. One of the worst of these appears in the provisions relating to lotteries, which are not quite worthy of a modern legislator. Participation in any common lottery is made a serious offence, punishable by imprisonment for two years and a fine of $2000, but if the lottery, or the raffle or the game of chance is for the financial benefit of a church, then it may be taken part in without danger. Two lottery schemes in the province of Quebec are also excepted from the provisions of the code, one of them being used in connection with a colonization project and the other with the St. Jean Baptiste building in Montreal. It would take a most expert casuist to prove that these excepted lotteries or the church raffles are any whit less wicked than lotteries in general, and a plain, unskilful reasoner can only wonder at the discrimination shown in the code. Hypocrisy does work wonderful results.

Says the Moncton, N.B., Transcript:—"A drive from Moncton to either one of the village centres in this or Albert county will reveal the proof in the deserted homesteads with their windows nailed up, dilapidated barns, fields in which a young forest is springing up, and decaying farms, all lying in a country of rich natural resources. Look even at Moncton city. There is not a single National Policy industry to-day flourishing in Moncton which is owned by the original investors. There is not a single N. P. industry in this city, existing to-day, though not owned by its original stockholders, which is not in a combine or part and parcel of a monopolistic system."

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

The Chief Justice will hold County Court to-morrow, and consequently the Full Court will not sit.

Mr. Justice Drake sat at 11 a. m. to take evidence in behalf of the defence in Carmody v. Drum et al. J. S. Yates moved that the action against the Sayward Mill Co. be dismissed on the ground that there was no contract between the plaintiff and the company under which the latter could be held liable to the former, and that any agreement made between the plaintiff and the members of the company before its organization could not be held to be binding on the company. Mr. Justice Drake on these grounds dismissed the action against the Mill Company with costs, after which Mr. Bodwell, of counsel for Messrs. Drum, Allen, Northey and Paulson, proceeded to explain the case as it affected his clients, the said defendants.

An application made in Chambers on the part of L. W. Powell to sign final judgment against Lowenberg, Harris & Co. was dismissed with costs.

In Ward vs. Abbott and the Hydraulic Mining Co. an order was made for the examination of defendant Abbott before the registrar.

The Chief Justice and Crease and Walkem, J. J., sat at 11.30 a. m. as a Full Court to hear certain appeals. Many members of the bar from New Westminster and Vancouver as well as Victoria were present. The first case on which argument was heard was Scott vs. the B. C. Mills Timber and Trading Co., limited, of Vancouver, G. L. McPhillips, Q. C., appearing for the plaintiff-appellant and Charles Wilson for the respondents. This is an appeal from a judgment of Mr. Justice Drake allowing the defendants a nonsuit in a case that arose under the Employers' Liability Act, in which the plaintiff claimed damages for the loss of a leg. The action went on two grounds: (1) defective roller way and arrangement of machinery; (2) negligence of the foreman; and the defences were (1) contributory negligence on the part of the plaintiff and (2) the application of the maxim "volenti non fit injuria." On hearing the evidence the trial judge, after reserving his decision on a motion for a non-suit, left with the jury the following question, to which answers were returned as appended: (1) Was there one or more sufficient passage ways for the plaintiff to fulfil his duties without passing along the roller platform? Ans. There were more ways, but none of them sufficient, though the roller way was the more expeditious. (2) Was the non-covering of the cogs a defect on the ways, works or machinery of the mill? Ans. Yes. (3) Were the defendants guilty of negligence in not having a man stationed at the place? Ans. No. (4) Was the plaintiff guilty of contributory negligence? Ans. He must have been cognizant of danger, but was not unduly negligent. (5) What damages, if any? Ans. $2,500.

Mr. McPhillips contended that on the findings of the jury judgment should have been entered for the plaintiff, and that the learned judge, in granting a non-suit by applying the foregoing maxim cited, was wrong, as well on other grounds as also because this course appeared to be at variance with section 6 of the Employers' Liability act, which reads: "In an action against an employer a workman shall not, by reason only of his continuing in the employment of the employer with knowledge of the defect, negligence, act or omission which caused his injury, be deemed to have voluntarily incurred the risk of injury." As a matter of fact there was nothing in the evidence except that the plaintiff knew of the defect, but not that it was dangerous, and before a judge could grant a non-suit he must first get the jury to answer affirmatively the question: "Did the plaintiff voluntarily incur the risk of injury?"

At 1.30 the court adjourned until 3 o'clock.

Put a Pin Here.

Watch it and see that you have it there on Tuesday next, July 18, 1893.

TEXADA'S NATURAL WEALTH

Gold, Silver, Copper, Iron, Marble in Abundance

AND ALL LYING SIDE BY SIDE

Water Falls for Power, Coke for Smelting and Deep Sea Harbors for Shipping Within a Few Miles of This Remarkable Region.

(From our own Correspondent.)

Texada Island, in the Gulf of Georgia, B. C., lies in longitude 125 degrees 30 minutes west and about 49 degrees 40 minutes north latitude. Its length is upwards of 30 miles, at its widest point it is about nine miles, and contains approximately 150 square miles. The highest mountains are at the southern extremity and have an altitude of about 3,500 feet, while the mountains of the northern end are about 1,500 feet high. There is considerable good, cultivatable land thereon, and the island is adapted for sheep grazing and cattle raising, the runs being generally of an open nature, while the hillsides are covered with rich, succulent grasses. Cattle have been on the island for several years without any attention or feed, and were found to be in prime condition for the market. Texada is situated about 22 miles northwest of the coal centre, Nanaimo.

The island has been a producer (during past years) of iron ores, which were shipped to Irondale, Washington. These iron ores are magnetites, a nearly pure ore, of remarkably fine grain in some out crops, and again in others highly granulated. There is estimated to be millions of tons of ore in sight. Vast buttresses on the hillsides can be seen of rich magnetic ore, which by analysts of the Dominion Geological Survey at Ottawa contains 69 parts of pure iron out of a possible 72. The ore can be blasted in a similar way to the blasting of building stone from the mountain side. The iron deposits of the island are acknowledged by the Mining News of Seattle to be the finest on the Pacific coast. This paper is published in Washington, where thousands of tons of the ore have been smelted and sold to the coast foundries. The product has always maintained the highest market price on the Pacific coast. I may say that the raw ores have been thrown into the furnaces of some of our provincial foundries with scrap cuttings and pig iron (imported) to remarkably good advantage, so the owners claim, as they have found it highly beneficial to the castings, making them far more tenacious and ductile than castings from imported pig iron alone. It is probable that a smelter of a size to supply the provincial market would have constant employment and would be a profitable investment. The output could be enlarged as the demand required.

In 1889 the discovery of gold quartz on the surface caused a considerable rush from Nanaimo, Comox and Vancouver, and the staking off of a large number of mineral claims, but most of those who went to the island were coal miners from Nanaimo and farmers from Comox, who as a rule knew far more about digging coal and plowing than they knew about quartz mining. They all were on the tiptoe of expectation and looked forward to making a pile by a few weeks' work at most, but 1889 waned and so did the fortune hunters, who in no place did more than sink small prospect holes of a few feet in depth. Some assays gave remarkably good showings from $6 to $3,000 per ton of 2,000 pounds, but the ores, mostly sulphurets, required special treatment, such as was unknown to coal miners. The result was they left about as rapidly as they came, and only about four or five of the original free miners held on, and have since spent money in pushing prospects forward. Some of the farmers have done a little work yearly and others have taken up new locations, but little or no work has been done.

There are few places where natural facilities have vied with each other in surrounding a mineral belt as they have on Texada. Adjacent to the iron deposits are large deposits of limestone, and in close proximity are found veins of sulphuret ores, containing considerable gold, and broad, well defined veins of copper ores. Lately these veins have been persistently prospected, and now four to six veins of rich chalco-pyrites have been partially opened by their owners. Samples of the ore have been sent to the provincial assay office at Victoria and elsewhere, and the following returns have been received: One sample, six feet from surface, 22 per cent. copper, with traces of silver and gold. Another gave 15.60 per cent. copper and 15 oz. of silver; depth nine feet. Another gave 37 per cent. of copper and 4 oz. of silver per ton of 2,000 pounds. Three or four shafts are being sunk to more fully test the veins, which so far show in shafts, open cuts and tunnels. The veins are 3 feet 8 inches to 14 feet in thickness. A plan has been made of those fissure veins, proving by some thousands of feet of surveying by a provincial land surveyor that the lodes continue for some 3,000 feet to as much as 15,000 feet in length. The veins are at intervals intersected by cross lodes. From the prospects already made some pretty fine samples of galena and free gold have been extracted, and all are improving with depth.

The winters are generally very mild and pleasant. There are some very easily controlled water powers near several of the lodes, which will figure economically in the working of those mines, enabling mine-owners to furnish electric power at the lowest possible cost, by means of Pelton wheels or similar apparatus, for all mining purposes, such as drilling, stamping, crushing and the various manipulations of the crude ore. The close proximity of the mines to the seaboard enters largely into consideration, as thereby the expense of long and costly carriage of ore will be avoided. Smelters can be erected near the coast line and electric tramways can convey the ores to the smelting works at a nominal cost, as the tramway can be supplied by water-power motors. Coke for the smelters can be procured just across the gulf, and thus fuel of the best kind can be had at the ovens, and only the extra expense of 12 to 15 miles freighting need be incurred.

There is close by another factor which should not be omitted in this sketch—marble deposits. There have been discovered already from 12 to 16 varieties of those valuable stones, and all in such close proximity that but one wharf for shipping would be needed. Samples of several varieties are on exhibition in the provincial museum at Victoria, and it need only be added that they received honorable mention at the Toronto exhibition, 1891. Unlike most marble deposits on the continent, these are not found in veins or lodes, but in immense seams or layers. These seams are highly variegated in many places and immensely thick. Being part of the early formations they are entirely devoid of fossils so far as is yet known. The texture is remarkably fine and the stone is susceptible of the highest polish, which is readily obtained by comparatively light manipulation. All of these marbles are obtained within an area of one and a half miles square. The fine texture, the freedom from grit or flints is more remarkable when the vast extent of the deposits are considered. The writer has spent hours walking over those immense layers of muralized stones, and in every walk has discovered some new shade of coloring or variety. There appears to be a sufficiency to rebuild the cities of the west in solid marble. The blue gray marble should take priority as a building stone over the sandstones on the coast, and it will ere long become a most successful competitor with the sandstones of British Columbia, first, on account of its economic value, and second, by its favorable position for cheap production. The finer qualities are remarkably well adapted for all kinds of ornamental decorations, either indoors or outdoors, or for mural work of all varieties, whether ornamental decorations to please the artistic eye of millionaires or as expressions of love and esteem for those who have gone to the great beyond.

No locality has better facilities naturally for the economic working of its natural products than Texada. As has been mentioned before the water power can supply all the electric power to manipulate the stones and to crush the ores, and by the utilization of the trolley and storage battery system all transportation would be at a minimum of expense. The ores from the different shafts could thus be conveyed to smelters and refineries on the water front and the product would there be loaded into vessels of the deepest draught for shipment to the world's marts.

The following list of the ores worked by some of the leading copper producing mines, will show that the above is no "chimera of the imagination," but plain facts. 1st. The Rio Tinto mines of Spain average percentage of ore does not exceed 3 per cent. of copper from the ore. 2nd. The Calumet and Hecla mines give a percentage of a little under 2 1-2 per cent. of copper from the ore. 3rd. The New Quadrabra mines, Spain, less than 3 per cent. of copper from the ore. 4th. The Anaconda mines does not reach more than 5 to 6 per cent. of copper. And the cost of transit against those mines to the coast is a source of considerable expense.

The coast of British Columbia and Vancouver Island has opened the eyes of some of the most pessimistic since 1893 dawned, as was predicted some time ago by your humble servant.

KUMTUX.

OFFICERS INSTALLED.

Brother Leason Presented With a Past Chancellors' Jewel.

At last night's meeting of Sunset lodge, No. 10, K of P., D. D. G. C. C. E. Jones, assisted by G. V. C. J. C. Byrne, G. P. G. Madigan, G. M. of W. W. J. Jeffree, G. T. G. R. F. John and G. O. G. T. Watson installed the following officers for the ensuing term: Chancellor Commander, J. A. Tepoorten; V. C., George Watson; Prelate, O. T. Monk; M. of W., E. B. Kerer; T. G., W. H. Watson; O. G., C. L. Work. After the installation of officers D. D. G. C. Jones presented retiring Chancellor Commander E. E. Leason with a valuable P. C. jewel. In presenting the jewel the D. D. G. C. said:

Brother Leason: As a brother knight I have been called upon to perform many duties in this lodge room, but never before has it fallen to my lot to exercise a more pleasant duty than that which devolves upon me to-night. We, as men of intelligence and thoughtful consideration, are not slow to recognize any good qualities possessed by a brother, and I know that you will agree with us, that Bro. Leason, our retiring Chancellor Commander, is the possessor of sterling qualities that have found many ardent admirers in this room. As a presiding officer, you have by your tact, good nature, and knowledge of the duties of your office, won the esteem of every member of the lodge; and in presenting you with this jewel as a mark of that esteem, I need scarcely say that we hope you will continue to take the same deep interest in the welfare of the lodge as you have done heretofore, and by your kindly advice and genial presence, help to make things run as smoothly as they have done during your term of office. I have much pleasure in the name and on behalf of the members of the Sunset Lodge in presenting you with this jewel.

Marine.

The Danube has gone to Portland.

The collier Romulus passed up last night.

The ship Gunford left last night for Hastings in tow of the tug Lorne.

The Islander will carry a big load of passengers to Seattle on Saturday.

Steamer Spinster and a sealing schooner painted white passed Carmanah point this morning.

Get Your Strawberries

Before they are all gone. Red and black currants, rhubarb, fresh vegetables and a full line of groceries, at Mrs. F. Wilson's, 185 Douglas street.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Best Blood Purifier, LANGLEY'S Sarsaparilla

POOR ROBB IS INSANE.

A Provincial Police Officer Acts Queerly in Cariboo Country.

Thomas Robb, the well known provincial policeman, has been pronounced insane.

Robb left a few weeks ago for the Cariboo country to take charge of the stage that runs from Ashcroft to Barkerville. Report reached Victoria a week ago that Robb was acting in a queer manner. The passengers on the stage were said to have been terrified by his actions. He loaded and unloaded his firearms again and again, and often discharged and brandished without cause. The fear of the passengers increased as the journey progressed until they reached the 150-mile house at which point they refused to go further. Either Robb was to stay behind or they would remain. It was agreed to give the policeman the slip and start off without him. The stage got away and left him, but Robb, whatever he may have been, was not recreant in the discharge of his duties. He got a horse and for 70 miles chased the stage, at last catching up and taking his position on the driver's seat as guard in charge of the mail and the lives of those who feared him then perhaps more than any robbers. These facts reached the authorities and Robb was telegraphed to come down to Victoria. The dispatch sent by one of the provincial constables was disregarded. Another telegram was sent from headquarters and was obeyed.

Robb arrived in Victoria last night by the Premier from Vancouver. He was accompanied by his wife and infant child and was met at the dock by Constable McNeill. McNeill said that he never acted more rationally. Robb and his wife went to his father-in-law's and slept there last night and this morning was examined by Drs. Milne and Watt for insanity. He was pronounced insane, but his insanity is said to be of a mild nature and there are hopes of his early recovery. The news was received as a great blow by the many friends of the unfortunate man.

Robb was "sandbagged" at Mayne Island a short time ago, trying to arrest sheep thieves, and it is thought the injuries there sustained affected his brain.

Robb is a Scotsman, having a good record in the Glasgow police force. He has also served in the Tacoma city police, and is a first-class man.

Fort Simpson School.

Fort Simpson, July 2.—The public closing of this school was an event of great interest here. The school room presented a most interesting appearance, being tastefully decorated with ferns and flags. The children went through the various parts of the programme, which consisted of solos, choruses and recitations, in a most creditable manner. Mr. Flewin, secretary of the board of trustees, presented a number of handsome prizes, which were distributed among the following children, who distinguished themselves in their various classes: Misses G. Crosby, M. O'Neill and R. Alexander; Masters W. Alexander, W. Flewin, C. Flewin and J. Madden. Those who won rolls of honor were G. Crosby, R. Alexander and W. Alexander. Mr. Geo. Willicroft presented special prizes for spelling in each class, the happy recipients being G. Crosby, R. O'Neill, R. Alexander, G. Flewin, W. O'Neill, W. Alexander and J. Madden. The chairman of the board, Mr. J. M. L. Alexander, closed the proceedings with an appropriate speech, in which he expressed his pleasure at the success that had attended his first year of the school's life, and proposed a vote of thanks to Miss Hall, which was seconded by Mr. Clifford and unanimously carried. God Save the Queen was then sung.

The Board in Session.

The quarterly board meeting of the Baptist churches of the Northwest convention is being held in the city at present. The session was opened last evening, but no business was transacted. The entire evening was taken up with music and short talks, all greatly enjoyed. Rev. D. D. Proper, of Seattle, general missionary, occupied the chair, and made a very fine presiding officer. Short addresses were made by Rev. T. H. McEwen, the pastor; the Rev. Mr. Harper, of Tacoma, who spoke of the missionary motive, and the Rev. Mr. Rugg, late of Calvary Baptist church, who gave an instructive address on the necessity that existed of fostering the interest in the smaller fields. Deacons Hull, of Seattle; Francis, of La Conner, and Cavender, of Tacoma, also spoke, and the choir pleased all with some excellent music. The business session was commenced this morning, and the delegates will be busy all day. A number of matters of importance to the churches in the field are being considered.

The Dubourdieu Reaches Home.

A late number of the Paris Figaro, which arrived here yesterday, announces the arrival in Cherbourg of the flagship Dubourdieu. Admiral Farrayon left the ship there, having completed his three years' cruise. When the admiral stepped from the deck of the ship every officer and man was out to say farewell. The seamen manned the yards and gave their admiral a parting cheer. Figaro devotes considerable space to the arrival of the ship and congratulates the admiral and his officers on the cruise. It will be remembered that the ship was here last fall.

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed. *

Drive a Tack Here

and mark this spot, for Tuesday next, July 18th, 1893. *

Madame Laird.

Having resigned her position at the Conservatory of Music, has opened a studio for instruction in vocal music at her residence, 161 Vancouver, street, corner of Pandora. *

Special Notice.

Parties having card plates can have cards printed direct from the plates for $1.50 per hundred; engraved and copper plate supplied together with 100 cards for $2.50.

At the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor. Yates and Government streets. *

Will go Into Camp.

No. 3 battery, B. C. B. G. A., Captain Smallfield, will shortly go into camp for seven days at Macaulay Point. The members themselves will bear the expense of the camp while several have agreed to devote all of their time to the commissariat. Strict military discipline will prevail at Camp Smallfield during the stay of the battery.

Social at Victoria West.

The strawberry social given by the Ladies Aid Society of St. Paul's Presbyterian church last evening in Victoria West hall was very well attended and a pleasing affair. During the evening the following short programme was rendered: Duet, Miss Grant and W. Kinnaird; duet, Mr. and Mrs. Muir; club swinging, Miss King; solo, Mr. Morris and reading, Miss Lawson.

Rev. Coombes' Lectures.

Rev. J. E. Coombes will deliver his next lecture in the World's Fair series at Calvary Baptist church this afternoon and evening. The subjects to be discussed to-day are very interesting and the speaker will no doubt be greeted by large audiences at both lectures. The series will close on Friday of this week when Mr. Coombes will speak in the afternoon and evening as well.

A Celebrated Play.

To-night a the Victoria Theatre R. E. French's company will make its second appearance in this city in "The Banker's Daughter," a well-known play. Playgoers in New York went night after night to witness this piece. A critic said of it that this was due to the naturalness the author had thrown into his work. These large audiences saw their daily lives lived over before them. The production by Mr. French's company to-will be similar to those in New York. Victoria amusement-lovers may expect a treat.

Election of Officers.

Court Fernwood, I.O.F. met last evening in Odd Fellows' Hall, Spring Ridge, and elected and installed the following officers:—C.R., H. C. Lucas; V.C.R., B. Cooper; L.D., J. Hinds; R.S., W. F. Fullerton; F.S., W. A. Carter; treas., P. H. Moffat; echaplain, W. H. Croghan; P.C., R. H. A. Adams; S.W., W. H. Barlow; J.P., W. Portions; S.B., J. H. Johnson, and J.B., A. Johnson. The court physician is Dr. E. C. Foot. The lodge closed at 11 o'clock, to meet July 25. Court Bannockburn will instal their officers to-night.

A Novel Social.

At the social in St. James's hall last evening the ladies attended to the refreshments while the gentlemen furnished the amusement. Both sides were eminently successful. The concert was as follows: Solo, "Latin Grace," Glee Party; piano duet, Messrs. Middleton and Gray; quartette, "Lovely Night," Glee Party; song, "The Salamander," George Jay, jr.; piano duet, Messrs. Middleton and Gray; quartettes, "The Rhine" and the "Watchman's Song," the Glee Party. At the conclusion of the programme, a social dance was participated in. Those who composed the glee party were Messrs. Greig, Jacob, Grizzelle, Keith and Middleton.

In Behalf of the Sealers.

There was a very good attendance at the meeting held at the Y. M. C. A. last evening to take steps to organize a sailors' and sealers' institute. The meeting was addressed by J. Stevenson, Capt. J. G. Cox, Captain Warren, Rev. Dr. Campbell, Canon Beanlands, Rev. J. E. Coombes, Rev. E. Robson and Captain Hamilton of London, all of whom were in favor of the work. The shipping men present gave some practical ideas upon the subject. Charles Rattray, on behalf of John Turner, owner of the Janion Hotel property, made a very liberal offer of quarters in the building. There will be another meeting at the Y. M. C. A. next Tuesday evening. All communications should be sent to the honorary secretary, 73 Discovery street.

Rebekah's Installation.

Acting Grand Master Sister Dempster, assisted by Grand Warden Sister Neil, Grand Secretary Sister Connell, Grand Treasurer Sister Waller, Grand Marshal Sister Bishop and Grand Inside Guardian C. W. Ross, installed the officers of Colfax Rebekah Degree Lodge last evening. The following are the new officers: Sister McCahill, N.G.; Sister Walker, V.G; Sister Carter, rec. sec; Bro. Wilby, per. sec.; Sister Glover, treas.; Sister Neil warden; Sister C. Phillips con.; Sister Riddell, I.G.; Bro. Huxtable, O.G.; Sister Carne, R.S.N.G.; Sister Mrs. J. E. Phillips, L.S.N.G.; Sister Long, R.S.V.G.; Sister Taylor, L.S.V.G.; Sister Dickinson, chaplain; Sister Clyde, Junior Past Grand. A strawberry social, with singing and dancing closed the evening's programme.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

COURT OF REVISION.

Mr. E. M. Johnson and Assessor Northcotte Exchange Views.

Real Estate Agent E. M. Johnson and City Assessor Northcotte had words in the court of revision this morning. Mr. Johnson said that there was no proper principle of assessment adopted. He said if land were valued at a certain sum in one direction from the centre of the city, it should be similarly valued in another direction. And he added something about knowledge of assessments. Assessor Northcotte asked him to retract or prove his words. Mr. Johnson did not do so. Ald. Belyea jumped into the fray and said that some land one and a half miles from the centre of the city was more valuable than other land half a mile away. Mr. Johnson laughed at the remark. Ald. Belyea said it was true and Mr. Johnson knew it. Again Mr. Northcotte objected and when Mr. Johnson asked for some information from the assessor later on, the assessor replied that as Mr. Johnson knew so very much he could perhaps do without the information. Mayor Beaven interceded for peace, there was a smile from the other aldermen and things calmed down.

The court cut assessments:

Richard Drake—Lot on Kane street, reduced from $1500 to $1000, and improvements reduced from $750 to $350.

J. Boucherat had assessment on one lot on Fisguard street reduced from $1700 to $1600, and a $250 cut on a $4500 assessment on another lot.

E. Harrison secured a $100 cut on two lots on Fort and Harrison streets, assessed at $1200. Hundred dollars off a $1400 lot on Pembroke street.

Bishop Brondell was granted $100 reduction on a $1400 assessed lot on Humboldt street; $50 on a $750 lot on Simcoe street; $100 on a $900 lot on Simcoe and St. Lawrence streets, and $100 each on two lots on Ontario and St. Lawrence streets.

A. Blythe—A hundred dollar cut on lot on Johnson street assessed at $1100.

C. P. Wolley had $100 taken off one and $50 off another lot on South Turner street.

J. A. McConnell's assessment on a $1400 lot on Kane street was cut $400.

Thomas Buckler was allowed a $50 cut on two Second street lots and $450 on improvements.

R. Landells secured a $150 reduction on two lots on North Chatham street.

S. Duck secured a $300 reduction on a $1800 lot on Herald street and $100 on improvements, and a $200 cut on a $2400 lot on View street, and $50 on improvements.

W. S. Chambers obtained a $250 cut on two $3000 lots on Herald street and $300 on improvements, and a $50 reduction on assessment of $150 for a part of lot on Fort street.

W. P. Sayward, lot, Johnson street, valued at $3500, reduced to $3000; $100 off improvements. Yates street lot, $300 off; assessment was $4050. Herald street lot, $300 off; assessor's figure $1800.

J. C. Prevost secured a $100 reduction on two Parry street lots, and had the assessment on a McClure street lot reduced to $750.

This concluded the labor of the court and the work of ratification of the assessment roll was at once begun.

MINERAL RICHES.

Important Discoveries Lately Made—A Ledge of Bismuth.

(Kootenay Star.)

A seven foot ledge has been opened up on the Black Fox claim, Slocan.

Many rich strikes are being made in the St. Mary's river country, east of Kootenay lake.

It is rumored at New Denver that one of the Nelson papers will remove to that town, which is just now the liveliest place in West Kootenay.

A prospector named Ryan has found a small vein of solid galena near the north fork of Carpenter creek which assays 165 ounces to the ton. It is fifteen inches wide.

The interest of the Smelter Co. in the Revelstoke townsite to the extent of $6,248 will be sold at auction by the sheriff at Donald court house next Saturday at the suit of John Campbell.

Work commenced on Monday at the end of the track through the yard of the Revelstoke Lumber Co., and about 300 yards from the mill, the width cleared for the new line being about 100 feet.

Some rich gold-bearing galena has been found up Lardeau creek, but what it assays is not yet known. It is said that several hundred dollars' worth of nuggets and coarse gold have been obtained during the past few weeks from small placers on Lardeau creek close to Trout Lake City.

That Big Bend will be famous as a mining country is becoming clearer every day. Galena ledges are to be found there similar to those of the Lardeau and Slocan. Placer gold amounting to several million dollars worth has been taken out and gold in the quartz has been located at various points. Now comes the discovery of a valuable ledge of bismuth and antimony ore, containing a good deal of gold. Bismuth is worth about $3 per pound. The sample was brought down by W. E. Losee, who with his partner, J. M. Douglas (both of Victoria) has been in the Bend for the past six weeks. Mr. Losee went up again this morning. During the week seven prospectors have left here for Big Bend, John McKenzie, Joseph Favre, Aug. Bishop, John Williamson, Alex. Morrison, J. W. McCreary and O. B. Williams. On Tuesday George Laforme's pack train started out on its second trip this season. John Sweeny, one of the partners in the Consolation mine, accompanied the outfit.

Sit Down Upon This

and see that you hold it until Tuesday next, July 18th, 1893.

Don't Throw the Paper Down

Before you read this; its just a plain, simple little ad. from Russell, McDonald & Co.; telling of their wonderful 50 cent shirts in either all wool or all cotton. The shirts would be good value for $1.25.

Stop

paying rent and buy a nice two-story house on monthly payments; equal only to rent.
PAGE & WINNETT.

Spencer's Arcade.

JUST ARRIVED

244 WOOL SHAWLS

SUITABLE FOR

Lawn Tennis, Boating and Baby Wraps.

Purchased by Mr. C. Spencer, at a discount of 40 per cent. for cash, ...and will be sold at a SPECIAL PRICE for ONE WEEK....

SEE WINDOW

VICTORIA EXHIBITION

The Annual Fair

...Of the B. C. AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION will be held at the... NEW EXHIBITION BUILDINGS, Driving Park, Victoria, on

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

August the 7th TO **August the 12th** INCLUSIVE.

The date has been placed earlier this year than formerly—during the beautiful August weather—and exhibitors and visitors may feel perfectly satisfied that there will be a very large display in every department, bright sunshine, an immense attendance, enjoyable sports, and in every way a successful show.

There will be Sports of all kinds, particulars of which will be published later,—

Horse Races, Gymkana, Lacrosse, Athletics, &c.

First-class Band will provide music every day and evening.
Railway and Steamship lines will carry passengers and exhibits at reduced fares.
All entries will finally close on Saturday evening, August 5th.
Prize Lists and Entry Forms, etc., on application to

W. H. BAINBRIDGE,
Secretary, Government St., Victoria.

Two Good Cargoes of Freight.

Both the Premier and the City of Kingston brought big cargoes of freight last night. The Premier brought two carloads wheat, one carload nails, one carload lard, one carload mixed merchandise, and 400 packages bananas, and the Kingston one carload pork, one carload pails, one carload wheat, two carloads flour, one carload tallow and one carload mixed merchandise.

Failures.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s report for the first six months of 1893 gives the following as the number of failures in Canada, with liabilities:—

Province.	No. Failures.	Total Liab.
Ontario	337	$3,458,839.00
Quebec	262	2,908,657.00
New Brunswick	34	257,720.00
Nova Scotia	59	426,515.00
P. E. Island	14	75,200.00
Brit. Col.	22	237,595.00
Manitoba	67	365,410.00
Total	805	$7,829,933.00
Newfoundland	6	876,194.00
Grand Total	811	$8,706,127.00

The Conservatory of Music.

There will be no formal vacation at the Conservatory of Music this summer, as Miss Adams has decided to continue the course of studies, both vocal and instrumental, throughout the season. In the former branch, Mrs. Laird's contract having expired, her position will be filled by a thoroughly qualified teacher, capable of teaching sight singing and giving class lessons.

The San Francisco Steamers.

The steamer Walla Walla arrived from the south this morning with 187 tons of freight and 62 cabin passengers for Victoria. She had altogether 143 passengers and a full load of freight. The steamer City of Puebla will sail for the south to-morrow.

Preserving Season

Large Stock of

Apricots

And....

Peaches

Selling at Lowest

Wholesale Prices

Telephone order to

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

Telephone No. 88.

LOOK OUT FOR THEM!

Having acquired the right to publish Begg & Lynch's Hand Book to British Columbia, I will publish about the 15th inst.,

BEGG'S MONTHLY HAND BOOK AND GUIDE TO BRITISH COLUMBIA

Which in addition to the regular tables of information will hereafter contain interesting descriptive reading matter and articles relating to the resources of the Province, &c.

There will also be published this month

BEGG'S POCKET GUIDE TO VICTORIA

In handy form for constant reference, and this little book will contain tables of information relating to the city and vicinity useful for visitors and residents.

ALEX. BEGG,
Publisher, Victoria, B.C.
jy10 3t

Notice to Carpenters and Others.

Tenders are required for the erection of a residence in Esquimalt District. The drawings, etc., can be seen and any necessary information obtained at my office, where tenders will be received up till 12 o'clock noon of Saturday next, July 15th. The proprietor does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

J. GERHARD TIARKS,
Architect.
39½ Government St., July 10th, 1893.—3t.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to be Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to revive, continue and extend the time within which the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Company, incorporated in the session of 1891, may construct its works and for other purposes.

By order of Provisional Directors.

A. DRUMMOND,
President V. S. & N. W. Ry. Co.
Victoria, B. C., July 10, 1893. jy10-1f

SOCIALISTIC FUTURE.

EUGEN RICHTER'S GREAT AND VERY REALISTIC ROMANCE.

A Remarkable Work Which is Now Raising a Furore in Germany—The Characters Selected from Real Life—Ten Thousand Copies Sold.

Eugen Richter, the great anti-Socialist of Germany, published a book, entitled Pictures of the Socialistic Future, which has been sold as fast as the successive editions could be prepared. The popularity of the work moved a clever novelist to incorporate similarly anti-Socialistic doctrine in a "romance of the times," just published in Leipsic under the title, And Bebel Spoke. This romance has been sold by the ten thousand already, and the demand shows no abating.

The most remarkable feature of the novel is that most of the characters are selected from real life. August Bebel, William Liecknecht, and other Social democratic leaders are introduced by their correct names, and are placed in all sorts of embarrassing situations designed by the author.

The moral object of the work is to illustrate what the world would come to if August Bebel's Woman, with all its doctrines of free love and woman's rights, should be realized. To this end the author introduces Hans Frischmuth, editor of the Vorwaerts, organ of the Central Social Democratic Committee, and his young and beautiful bride, Helga. The young wife becomes interested in her husband's Socialistic plans for the upsetting of society, and to increase her knowledge of the purposes of him and his fellow-Socialists, she reads Bebel's Woman. From this book she learns that all her ideas of faithfulness and love to her husband are conventional and false, and that she has an inborn right to seek her affinity outside her home.

She hears Bebel speak and becomes infatuated with him. In obedience to the teachings of Woman, she decides to leave her husband and to seek Bebel as her future companion in life. All this transformation in her inner life, however, she has kept to herself.

Her husband, meantime has had differences with the Social Democratic Central Committee, who wish to dictate to him his opinion in matters of religion. He is disciplined tyrannically by Liebknecht. While smarting from this injustice, he learns from Helga her decision to abandon him for Bebel. He goes from the house and shoots himself. Bebel is the first one to discover the suicide, and to him falls the duty of breaking the news to Helga, of whose love for him he knows nothing. He announces his coming in a note. Helga supposes that he will call to appoint a place and time of meeting. She enters the room where he awaits her, and before he can tell her of her husband's end, astounds him by declaring her love in the words which he has used in Woman to exalt true love and the right of free choice among women. With an exclamation of horror and reproach, Bebel throws her from him, and leaves the house without waiting to explain his errand.

The next morning Helga reads in the newspapers the story of her husband's end. Maddened by Bebel's scorn and the recollection of her perfidy to her husband, she drowns herself in the Spree. The news of her suicide reaches Bebel as he is about to speak in the Reichstag. He hesitates a moment, then proceeds to the speaker's tribune, and makes an eloquent plea for the socialistic organization of society.

The author of this romance has concealed his identity under the pseudonym, E. Herrmann. He is a careful student of social democracy, and in the conversations among the Social Democrats has described briefly all the doctrines and ideals of the best socialistic teachers of modern Europe.

A Married Woman's Reign.

The married woman plays a much larger part in our society to-day than she did ten years ago, and the almighty girl has lost some of her supremacy. We are not ruled by Daisy Miller as we once were, though the foreigner still seems to think so, and makes the girl the central point in most of the sketches of Americans abroad. But Daisy was a very real and living person when Mr. Henry James immortalized her. It was thought at the time by many that she represented a tendency in the future. It seems to me, on the contrary, that she was even then becoming a relic of the past. The omnipotence of the pert maid is almost complete in the village, where she necessarily has more leisure, a lighter heart and less to think of, than the farmer's wife or the laboring man's help mate. The impression she produces comes from her vitality, not from her intelligence. Marriage in the life of the village is a much more serious affair than in that state of life to which society considers it is called. It means hard work, a large family, months to feed and clothes to wash. In other words, it means service, if not servitude, even with the assistance of the modern farming machinery, which did not exist in the days when Daisy Miller's progenitrix began to be, and when such a state of things as exists in our time was not even dreamed of. The village drama, if the village had one, was no doubt fundamentally like the drawing-room tragedy of our time, but the actors were not the same. They were generally considerably younger and brought more activity and less thought to the events in which they played a part; more sentimentality and less passion, more conventional stage business and less original power. In the pastoral state none but the very young had time for such sentiment. But we have changed all that and Daisy Miller no longer plays the "leading lady" in the comedy. That is a sign of civilization, because civilization means all that which diminishes the difficulties of material existence and tends to develop what we have agreed to call the higher side of human nature.—Marion Crawford in Ladies' Home Journal.

Double Lives That Are Good.

Some of the most capable men who spend spring and summer on the Alaskan islands looking after various commercial interests earn very large salaries and live what some folks might call double lives. They are able during the winter, in San Francisco, New York or Europe, to be lavish in expenditure and enjoy all the privileges of life, and the fact that there is little to be done on the islands but attend strictly to business enables a man to recuperate from the weary joys of civilization and thus to prolong their dual existence.

CROWNS AND TITLES.

The bones of the whales that the German kaiser slaughtered in the North sea last summer are to be turned into furniture for the Norwegian boathouse at Potsdam.

Count Alphonse Vecchi, who is a guest of Oxford, Washington, attracts general attention on account of his stature and avoirdupois. He stands six feet five inches in his stockings and weighs three hundred and fifty pounds.

The earl of Ava, who has recently come across the Atlantic to "do the states," is a fine specimen of British manhood. He is tall, robust, rosy cheeked, good looking. He is a soldier and was for a long time stationed in India with his regiment.

King George, of Tonga, in the Friendly Islands, died several weeks ago. He was a centenarian, and undoubtedly the oldest monarch in the world. He embraced Christianity sixty years ago, and greatly assisted in its spread among the islands of the Pacific.

The emperor of Germany has joined the army of amateur painters, and the professionals may discover that people will pay far higher prices for art for rank's sake than for art for art's sake. William II. has painted a picture of a ship sailing the high seas, and this will be raffled for.

DOINGS OF THE DAY.

A Cincinnati stamp collectors' society just organized has eighteen members.

An old oak tree nearly five centuries old was recently felled near Castleton, Ind.

A movement is on foot in New York to obtain cheaper bread and to have the bread sold by weight.

It is said that a large hotel for the accommodation of colored people is to be built in Salter, Mo., by colored capitalists.

Certain sophomores at Ithaca recently raided the quarters of the freshmen and forced milk down their protesting throats.

A Bible bee is the latest form of amusement at Cuthbert, Ga. Prizes are awarded to the persons proving themselves most familiar with Bible history.

The Florida Times-Union call attention to the fact that there is a letter held for postage at the Lake Maitland office because the writer put on a Florida fertilizer inspection stamp in place of the new Columbian postage stamp, which is about the same size and color.

AROUND AUSTRALIA.

One of the largest islands on the Australian coasts disappeared recently.

There are no native kangaroos except on the continent of Australia. That country contains about 11,000,000 of them. Over 1,000,000 skins a year are shipped to the United States for use in bootmaking. Each skin will make about four pairs of ordinary sized shoes.

While some members of the British parliament are proposing to abolish courtesy titles in the house of commons, the Sydney Bulletin has already decided to abolish all titles conferred by her majesty upon Australians. Sir George Dibbs will in future be known in the columns of that public-spirited journal as Mr. Dibbs.

Flying foxes are distressing the agriculturists in some parts of Australia, and a local paper says that at the present rate of increase it is greatly feared they will soon become almost as great a menace as the rabbit pest. A camp of the foxes, about four miles from Erina, New South Wales, contains fully 100,000 of the pests, "and when disturbed they rise like a cloud obscuring the sun."

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

Worth has stopped making empire gowns.

The law has been laid down: Short skirts, and only short skirts, are to be worn in the street.

New skirts for the street do not touch the ground, but house skirts are almost all made with short trains.

One of the new ideas is a black satin bodice and a skirt of some dark, rich cloth. Indeed, black satin as a waist material is quite to the fore.

White will be very generally worn during the coming summer. Pretty simple dresses of white linen lawn, with hemstitched tucks and hems, will be quite the thing for dainty young ladies.

Among elegant novelties in spring importations are skirt fronts and very wide shoulder sections of the most elaborate embroidery. Indeed, some of these trimmings are not very far from the barbaric.

OBSERVATIONS.

Most persons are willing to do away with vices—of other people.

Bad luck is the only kind that comes to people who trust in luck.

A load of sorrow doesn't wear one so much as a swarm of annoyances.

The man who thinks the world owes him a living is always in a hurry to levy on the debt.

It has been said that a fool may ask a question that a wise man cannot answer; yet both may be better for the question.

An action may be so clothed as to change its proper effect on people; with most of us a sugar-coated vice seems preferable to a pepper-coated virtue.

Few persons understand the cause of their own failures. Judging other affairs as they do their own, they couldn't tell why a barrel is empty when it has a hole in the bottom.—C. O. Stevens, in Century.

UNDER ST. GEORGE'S CROSS.

Delirium tremens kills four people per day in England.

The London zoological garden now contains 3,100 animals.

Liverpool has the largest local debt of any town in England.

The cost of an English cabinet minister's full dress uniform is $600.

The British Isles comprise no fewer than 1,000 separate islands and islets.

Two hundred and fifty million letters pass through the postal offices of London every year.

For 200 years the paper from which Bank of England notes are made has been manufactured at Laverstoke in Hampshire.

Seven hundred tons of butter arrived in London in one shipment from Australia some weeks ago. Its total value was about £68,000.

ASTONISHING FIGURES.

The fur seal and fur otter trade of Alaska is worth $300,000 a year.

The largest single loan made in New York last year was for $1,325,000.

Prof. Felix L. Oswald predicts the United States will have 300,000,000 inhabitants in 1993.

THE KEY TO Comfort ON Washday IS SUNLIGHT SOAP. GUARANTEED PURE AND TO CONTAIN NO INJURIOUS CHEMICALS.

AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA:
BECKWITH, THOMPSON & KING,
VICTORIA, B.C.

What do you want A Waterproof for?

To Wear in Wet Weather?

Then you want to be sure that it is waterproof and you want the best article that you can get for the money. These chemically treated cloth garments are neither one thing nor the other. Did you ever see one after it had been thoroughly wet and then had dried up to about two sizes smaller.

Currie's Edinburgh Waterproof Coats, Are Just What You Want.

Dull.

A Penobscot county farmer, speaking of a former hired man in his employ, remarked quietly, "He's a pretty good sort of fellow, John is, but he's a little dull, a little dull." After a moment's further thought he continued: "It may be necessary to explain that a bit. I'll tell you how 'tis with him. I had a pretty nice field of onions growing, but they stood a little thick together and needed thinning out.

"So I told John he might do it. He worked away at them for a day or two, and then I went out to see how he was getting on. I found he had pulled up all the biggest ones and thrown them away, leaving only the smallest plants in the rows. I asked him what in creation he had pulled out all the best ones for, and he said 'twas 'to give the little fellows a chance, 'cos the big ones had crowded them, and they couldn't grow.' A little dull, John is; a little dull."—Lewiston Journal.

The Bicycle Fad.

Ruggles, the Groom.—Miss Emma will 'ave to go back to ridin her 'orse or I gives notice. A respectable man of my age can't risk his neck accompanying her on one of these machines.—Harper's Bazar.

Any One Would.

In one of the kindergartens the teacher was endeavoring to familiarize the children with the words "cold" and "hot" at sight without spelling them by letters. When she asked them what they would get if they went out of doors in winter without their coats, and pointed at the word, they caught the cue at once and answered "cold" instantly. But "hot" proved a puzzler for a moment.

"Now, Mary," said the teacher to the little girl in the end seat, "suppose that you were standing right close up in front of a tremendously big fire, just flaming and flaring and burning and blazing away, what would you get?"

"I'd get right away from there," replied the child in a matter of fact tone that upset the instructor for the afternoon.—Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

The Law Still Supreme.

Crafty Client—I'd like to get some legal advice from you.

Learned Lawyer—Certainly; what is it?

Client—What's the best way to collect a bill that's been running for a long time?

Lawyer—Well, the first thing, of course is to demand the payment.

Client—Thanks. Then, will you kindly settle this little matter of $15 that you've owed me now for nearly four years?

Lawyer—Fifteen dollars?

Client—Yes.

Lawyer—Oh, then we're just square.

Client—How is that?

Lawyer—My fee for the advice I just gave you comes to just $15.—Boston Courier.

No Ground For It.

A professor, who used to teach the grandfathers of the present generation of students, objected to the pronunciation of "wound" as if it were spelled "woond," and his students used to hunt for chances to make him explain his objections. One day he stopped a student who was reading to the class and said, "How do you pronounce that word?" "Woond, sir." The professor looked ugly and replied, "I have never found any groond for giving it that soond. Go on."—Argonaut.

TRUE PHILANTHROPY.

To the Editor:—Please inform your readers that I will mail free to all sufferers the means by which I was restored to health and manly vigor after years of suffering from Nervous Weakness. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but thanks to heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong. I have nothing to sell and no scheme to extort money from anyone whomsoever, but being desirous to make this certain cure known to all, I will send free and confidential to anyone full particulars of just how I was cured. Address with stamps:—

MR. EDWARD MARTIN (Teacher),
P.O. Box 143, Detroit, Mich.

Wall paper and room mouldings at Mellor's, Fort street, above Douglas.

Over Ninety Per Cent.

Of the World's Fair Dairy Exhibit Prizes were captured by Canada. It is interesting to note that all first-class Canadian Dairies are equipped with

Eddy's Indurated Fibre Ware

Pails, Tubs, Milk Pans, &c., &c. The Strongest and Cleanest ware ever made for Dairy, Home or Farm use. Sold everywhere.

The E. B. EDDY Co.

MAMMOTH WORKS: HULL, CANADA.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

NAKUSP & SLOCAN MINES

The Eldorado of British Columbia

All the ore output now assured to Nakusp by the immediate construction of the NAKUSP & SLOCAN RAILWAY, which will start at Nakusp and end at the Forks of Carpenter Creek, directly in the centre of the Slocan Mines.

No Other Route can Possibly Compete

Thirty-five miles of Railway from Nakusp will tap the whole of the Mines of the Slocan District, and the ores are bound to come out BY THE NATURAL GATEWAY, VIA NAKUSP, to the general welfare and prosperity of the Province.

Look at the Map.

A Provincial Railway Charter and subsidy and a Dominion Railway Charter have been obtained for the Nakusp & Slocan Railway, and the Canadian Pacific Co. have entered into an agreement to lease and operate the Railway for 25 years. There can be no doubt as to the importance of NAKUSP, the Gateway of the Slocan Country, either from the North or South, and the principal shipping and distributing point for all the district tributary to Slocan Lake.

Concentrators and Samplers

Now in contemplation, consequent on the definite settlement of the Railway question. The Nakusp & Slocan Railway will be built with a rush right into the heart of the Mines. See Wardner's and other experts' estimates of the production of Slocan Mines in the press. All this now assured is directly tributary to the Nakusp & Slocan Railway.

RAND BROS.,
General Agents, Vancouver, B.C.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,
Agents, VICTORIA.

TROUT LAKE CITY
WEST KOOTENAY, B.C.

THE ABOVE TOWNSITE IS NOW ON THE MARKET. It is situated on the North end of Trout Lake in the famous Lardeau Country, which is going to be one of the richest mining regions in America. Numerous rich claims have been found close to this Townsite, which will make it the distributing point for an immense tract of Country. It is the only level land on the North end of the Lake. The trail from Lardeau City, on Arrow Lake, to Kootenay Lake, runs through the Townsite. The owners intend to expend money on Streets and other improvements in the spring.

For the next 30 days Lots will be sold for $150 for corners, $100 for insides.

For further particulars apply to

H. ASHBY & CO., At the Head Office, Nelson, B.C.
HENRY CROFT, Victoria, B.C.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Section 12 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-Law, 1885," which provides that

From the first day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating or street sprinkling, except during the hours between 5 o'clock in the evening and 9 o'clock in the following morning, and on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In Central Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays;

In South Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays; and

In North Ward, on Wednesday and Saturdays.

And the water of the said Waterworks shall not be used for irrigating or street sprinkling outside the limits of the said City.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., June 5th, 1893.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

FOR FAMILY USE,

IS THE BEST,

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by

ISOM LANNING & CO
ALBANY, OREGON.

ABSOLUTELY

Cures Lost Power, Nervous Debility, Night Losses, Diseases caused by Abuse, Over Work, Indiscretion, Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, Lack of Energy, Lost Memory, Headache and Wakefulness.

Young, middle-aged or old men suffering from the effects of follies and excesses, restored to perfect health, manhood and vigor.

RELIEF TO THOUSANDS BY THIS MARVELOUS REMEDY.

A Cure is Guaranteed!

If everyone using this Remedy according to directions, or money cheerfully and conscientiously refunded.

PRICE $1.00, 6 PACKAGES $5.00.

Sent by mail to any point in U.S. or Canada, securely sealed free from duty or inspection.

Write for our Book "STARTLING FACTS" for men only. Tells you how to get well and stay well.

ADDRESS D. E. CAMPBELL
Family Chemist,
SOLE AGENT, VICTORIA, B.C
ap18-1y wk

Johnston's Fluid Beef

is the product of

Ox Beef of Prime Quality.

It supplies the life principles of Beef in a form

EASY OF DIGESTION.

The Great Strength-Giver.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia

IN CHAMBERS.

In the matter of the "Quieting Titles Act; And in the matter of the Title to Lot Twenty-six (26), Subdivision of Block "N," Victoria West, being portion of Section 31 Esquimalt District, British Columbia.

NOTICE is hereby given that Robert Semple of the City of Victoria, B.C., has made an application under the "Quieting Titles Act," in the Supreme Court of British Columbia, for a Declaration of Title to the land above described, and has produced evidence before the Honorable Mr. Justice Drake whereby he appears to be the owner thereof in fee simple free from all encumbrances. Therefore any person having or pretending to have any title or interest in the said land, or any part thereof, is required on or before the 26th day of July, now next ensuing, to file a statement of his claim, verified by affidavit, with the Registrar of the Supreme Court, at the Supreme Court House, Bastion Square, Victoria, B.C., and to serve a copy on Mr. H. D. Hall, of 12 Bastion Square, Victoria, B.C., solicitor for the said Robert Semple, and in default of doing so every such claim will be barred and the said Robert Semple will be entitled to be registered as owner in fee simple in possession of the said land above described, subject only to the reservations contained in the 23rd section of the Act above mentioned.

Approved. HARVEY COMBE,
Deputy Registrar of Supreme Court.

Dated this 8th day of April, 1893. ap14-3mw

"Land Registry Act."

Sections 33, 34, 35 36 and 39 Lake District.

WHEREAS the certificate of title of George Henry Wilson Brown, dated the third day of April, 1875, has been lost or destroyed and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate, NOTICE is hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing, within one month from the date hereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Register General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, 21st June, 1893. j23-1m-w

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TANSY PILLS
Perfectly Safe and Sure when all others Fail. If your Druggist doesn't have them send to Agents for them, or send 4c. postage for "WOMAN'S SAFE GUARD" and receive the only absolutely reliable remedy by mail. WILCOX SPECIFIC CO., Philad., Pa.

Fisher's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.
CATARRH
Sold by druggists or sent by mail, 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

REDUCED! 50 doz. REGATTA & PRINT SHIRTS Reduced to 75c each

B. WILLIAMS & CO., 97 Johnson Street.

VICTORIA WEST GRIEVANCES

Committee Explains to the Council What the Residents Want.

WHAT THE COUNCIL IS ABLE TO GIVE

City Engineer Will Supply the Proper Street Lines Before the End of the Year—No Funds to Carry Out Other Needed Improvements.

A committee appointed by the citizens of Victoria West, at a meeting held some time ago, waited on the mayor and aldermen last evening to present the resolutions passed at that meeting. There were present Mayor Beaven, Aldermen Baker, Bragg, Styles, Miller, Munn, Henderson and Belyea, the committee from Victoria West and other residents of that district.

Mr. Beaumont Boggs presented the resolutions and opened the discussion. In regard to the separation of the North Ward, all had agreed at election time that this was necessary. The resolution asking for better fire protection was simply a repetition of the recommendations made by Chief Deasy. During the past six months there had been three fires in Victoria West, and in each case a house had been wholly consumed. These fires could have been put out at the start if the means had been at hand. On account of this state of affairs the board of fire underwriters had decided to increase the rate for insurance in Victoria West. At present there is no attempt to protect the houses from fire, although there is a good water supply at hand. The question of street lines had been thoroughly thrashed out at public meetings, but nothing had been done. It was one of the most important questions to the residents of Victoria West. His own property had been surveyed five times, and there was a difference of eighteen feet frontage. It was useless to talk of repairing the streets until the lines were fixed. The request to have a sidewalk built on the old trunk road through the reserve should be complied with. In winter the people using it had to wade ankle deep in mud, and if they did not wish to do this they had to pay car fare each time they came to town. It seemed like working against the workingmen in favor of the car company. It was impossible to do the work under the local improvement by-law, as not only the property it passed, but the whole district, would be benefited. The Victoria West meeting had agreed that the present system of assessment was wrong. The act should be amended to give the assessor the power to lower the assessments on property adjoining that on which the assessment had been lowered by the court of revision. Victoria West property was assessed to its full value. The residents had paid $20,000 in taxes and had not received $1,000 in return. But if the $4,000 set aside by the government for trunk roads not ten cents had been spent. It was true that there were two sidewalks in the district, one running to the churches and the other down a street on which there was but one house, the city auditor's. It was suggested that the district should be patrolled by a mounted policeman.

Mr. Fairall, a resident of Victoria West, who had just entered the room, rose and claimed that the meeting at Victoria West which passed the resolutions was not a representative one.

Mayor Beaven objected to the splitting of hairs on that question. As the committee had offered their complaints in proper language they would be listened to.

Mr. O. Warner stated that as much publicity had been given the recent meeting as had been given the meeting called by Mr. Fairall some time ago. The most important question in his mind was that of street lines. The city surveyor should be empowered to give these lines, and the property owners would govern themselves accordingly. The committee had set their wants before the council and asked them to give Victoria West what they could. If the street lines were defined many sidewalks would be laid under the local improvement by-law. The people needed what they had asked for, and if they were going to receive anything they would like to know it.

Mr. Fairall—Mr. Russell has the proper lines; new ones would cause trouble.

Mr. Oldershaw explained that through the bank in which one of the old stakes was planted being washed away, the lines of the old and new surveys differed, Victoria West being thrown 15 feet to the west.

Mr. Fairall interrupted Mr. Oldershaw, and then a lively squabble ensued as to who knew most about the lines and when personalities commenced the mayor called order.

The mayor explained that the legislature had authorized the city engineers to define the lines in Victoria West. The engineer had been very busy or he would have been at work in Victoria West now. The council, however, intended to have the work done this year.

Mr. Warner—That is satisfactory. Now cannot the council provide us with a few fire hydrants? They can be rented from the Esquimalt company at $4 a month. If only five hydrants could be obtained it would be something.

Ald. Baker explained that the council had but $6000 to spend in each ward on roads, streets and bridges. When that amount was spread over the whole of North Ward very little could be done in any particular locality. The present electric light plant would not supply any more lights, and as the ratepayers had refused to sanction a loan the system could not be increased. If the residents of Victoria West had turned out as they should have done, they could have carried the by-law. He would endeavor to have a by-law placed before the ratepayers to provide better fire protection.

Ald. Munn—Victoria West is entitled to five or six hydrants, but it is difficult to obtain them, as they would have to be rented from a private company. When the Esquimalt company's act was before the legislature the city asked that the rate should be $1 a month for each hydrant, but the legislature decided on $4 a month. The district was also entitled to a few fire alarm boxes. Other portions of the city were in the same position. The fire committee had recommended that fire halls be erected in Victoria West, James Bay and the eastern portion of the city. This would entail an extra charge of $14,000 a year.

Ald. Miller—No one has proved what was contained in the first resolution, "That the aldermen for North Ward had neglected Victoria West." He had done all he could and would continue to do all he could for the whole ward and the whole city. Several residents of Victoria West had come to the council, some saying they wanted certain things and others saying they do not. "You agree among yourselves what you want, and then come to the council." He explained his by-law, which proposes to divide the city into five equal wards.

Ald. Bragg said that the council would like to do many things for Victoria West, but were checked by the question of finance.

Mayor Beaven did not quite agree with the idea of dividing the city into wards. The most advanced thinkers on municipal law had come to the conclusion that the system of dividing cities into wards was wrong.

Ald. Belyea contended that the true principle was to have no wards.

Mr. Fairall commenced to explain how cities were conducted in England and was drifting into a home rule speech when the meeting adjourned.

The committee thanked the council for the conference.

THE STONECUTTERS.

To the Editor:—Having read an item in your paper dated July 6th, headed "Stonecutters Complain," and as there are a great many errors or misrepresentations in the said article, I wish to offer a few corrections. Now, as regards the first part of the article, it is correct, except where it states that a meeting of the union was to be held that evening to consider the question. Wherever your informant heard the statement that there was to be a meeting held he was misinformed, as no such meeting was ever contemplated or ever held. Now as regards what Mr. Phillips has said about the question, he admits that all the stonecutters employed on the work at that time were outsiders; but he says that they were all granite cutters. I say that statement is untrue, which I can prove by all the stonecutters working on the work. I do not know what Mr. Phillips calls a granite cutter; whether he is a stonecutter that has never cut anything but granite or whether he is one who has cut or can cut both sandstone and granite. If it is the former his statement proves to be untrue, and if it is the latter then all the stonecutters in Victoria should have been working on the government buildings, as there were a number of stonecutters working at that time, and are working at present, who are sandstone cutters, or are generally called such, as they prefer to cut sandstone and would not cut granite if they could get any work at sandstone. These statements I can also prove by the stonecutters working on the building. Now I claim that a granite cutter is the same in his line. He would not cut sandstone if he could get work at granite cutting. Now as regards the statements made that all the stonecutters in Victoria are sandstone cutters, I claim that is also untrue, as I have known some of them for a number of years and I know them to be granite cutters. They have always been cutting granite, with the exception of one or two intervals when there was no granite to cut. Now, as regards the advertisements in the American papers, Mr. Phillips claims no knowledge of the same. I will just leave it to any fair-minded man or to the public to judge whether an advertisement calling for stonecutters to work on the government buildings would be in such papers without Mr. Phillips knowing anything about it. In justice to the stonecutters as citizens and residents of Victoria, and as nearly all of them are married men with families, I think that they should have had the preference on the work, or at least they should have had a small consideration at the hands of Phillips & Co.

JUSTICE.

THE PRESENT HOT WEATHER!

Its Effects on Babies That Aare Teething

The most critical and dangerous period in baby's life is "teething time." During the intense heat of summer, the process of dentition is often fatal to little ones who are improperly fed. Dysentery and diarrhœa carry off thousands of fair flowers, who, by care and judicious treatment, might have lived. Hundreds of mothers have testified to the fact that Lactated Food was the means of carrying their little ones safely through the dangers of "teething time." When babies are properly nourished they will cut their teeth more rapidly and easily. Lactated Food is the only nourishment in the world that gives strength and heartiness to the puny and languishing child. It is important to know that with a Lactated Food diet from day to day, the bowels and organs of digestion are always in a normal condition, and every trouble is passed with safety. Every mother in Canada who has not given Lactated Food a trial, is urged to do so. A full sized package will be sent free, to any mother who sends her address to the Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal, P.Q.

Vicissitudes of a Diamond.

The imperial treasury of Austria contains the Florentine diamond. This is one of the finest diamonds in the world, and it is noted for its lustre and brilliancy. It is worth $450,000, and has a romantic history connected with it. It once belonged to Charles the Bold, Duke of Burgundy, who seems to have been rather careless in guarding his treasures.

He went to battle one day with the diamond in his pocket, and the result was that he lost it. The diamond lay on the road and a Swiss soldier picked it up. He looked upon it as a piece of glass and threw it down again, but as it fell the sun's rays caught it, and the soldier, thinking it a pretty trinket, concluded to carry it along with him as a pocket-piece. Shortly after this he mired it and gave him a coin amounting to about 50 American cents for it. The priest sold it to a jeweler for 60 cents, and a rich merchant paid the jeweler $2500 for it. The merchant sold it to an Italian duke for $1000 advance on his price, and this duke sold it to one of the popes, who paid $60,000 for its possession.

After a number of other similar adventures it came into the possession of a grand duke, who married the Empress Maria Theresa of Austria, and through her it came to this imperial treasury. It now belongs to the royal family and has its place in what is considered one of the finest collections in the world.—Jewelers' Circular.

PASSENGERS.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Sedgers, McBride, Laird and wife, W Warren, F W Stogen and wife, Miss Latt, E Weber, H N Miller, J S Atwell, G Nippold, Miss Jenkins, M Keppler, W A C Rouse, E B Hill, F I Way and wife, D D Proper, J A Mack, E A Mohun, Mrs Hesbrige, and wife, Rev W F Harper, C O Cerender, Miss Philpot and daughter, E V Whitney and wife, J D Gorrigan, L Johnston, Mrs Gordon, Jno Lund, H Ripley, A D Attridge, Mrs Burns, Miss M Fraser and sister, Rev M L Rugg and daughter, C Mitchell, J R Francis, R M Hunt, Earl Leach, C E Peabody, L Morris and wife, J P Chapman, R E French and wife, J H Mitrill, P R Putnam and wife, Wm Eiggs, E A Wood and wife, M Louch, Miss Hastings, A D Winehard, Mrs J W Williams and Miss Williams, Mrs Wilson, W H Rhoades and wife, C Gray, A Hill, C R Freed, Mrs Col Landes, W F Jones, W W Jarboul, G W King and wife, Mrs Lyttle, Thos Brown and wife, H Blythe, E W Leach, Miss Thompson, Wm Allen, M Katzour, Miss Adams, M J Heeney, L Wolf, W D McKillican and wife, J H Brenton, Rev J W Rees, W A Jones, H Dubregan, S M Johnson, J A Higgins, L D Foster, J Fraser, Chas Butler.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—R Johns, W S Carlyle, Miss D Dawson, J B McLaren, Thos Hooper, R L Warner, Thos Allen, H J Scott, Wm D Lyon, Capt H F Wooden, T Cochrane, Mrs McGillvary, E S Smith, Mrs Robb, Miss Bray, Alex Watson, C J Soule, F Y Burns, W H Pratt, T J Skeck, W B Rug, A Ker, R C Carlyle, Mrs J Heron, A McLaren, Mrs McKay, T M Henderson, Max Leiser, A McQueen, C Sweeney, Capt Soule, Jas Addison, R J Baker, Mrs Harvey, H T McDonald, H Croft, Robt Ward, J L Brownlee, T Rostledge, Mrs Pratt, Miss M Adams, A G Crocker, J Ward, H McLaren, Miss Ritchie, Miss Brown, K Cutler, F M Rattenbury, Dr Lefevre, C R Hamilton, A M Beattie, D McGillivray, Mrs Baker, T M Robb, Rev P McF Macleod, M Wordon, P Waller, Mrs Kobled, Dr Morris, Mrs Black, Miss Adams.

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Okell & Morris, A J Engiehart, Turner B & Co, Wilson Bros, Oppenheimer Bros, Weller Bros, Albion Iron Wks, J J Bischoff & Co, E G Prior & Co, E B Marvin & Co, B & K M Co, M Cohen, W J Pendray, Hudson B Co, W Saunders, C Hayward, Wilson Bros, J & A Clearthue, J Boscowitz & Son, Oppenheimer Bros, W H Rhoades, J Young, E B Hill, F Carne, M Katzaur, T R Hopkins.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—Harris Bros, care of Imp Bk of Canada, B & K care of Imperial Bank of Can, McL Bros, J Piercy, P Norris, Thompson & K, E G Anderson, Rev S S Osterhout, T B Pearson, Rev R R Beavis, Ledingham Bros, Jas Crawford, Jas Mitchell, B H James, J Fullerton, Langley & Co, L Dickinson, Nicholles & R, R McKenzie, D H Ross, Watson & Hall, Mrs A Seaton Davies, W Bickford, Allice & Ault, C P N Co, C A Godson, E C Baker, E D Wagg, G Vienna Jubilee Saloon, Jas Angus, Nat Elec Co, Yale & Brooks, H Ray Co, S Leiser, Sprott & Gray, Vic Chem Wks, T Earle, J H Todd, Dom Ex Co.

Don't You Know

That to have perfect health you must have pure blood, and the best way to have pure blood is to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the best blood purifier and strength builder. It expels all taint of scrofula, salt rheum and all other humors, and at the same time builds up the whole system and gives nerve strength.

HOOD'S PILLS may be had by mail for 25c of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

THE IMPERIAL BAKING POWDER

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any Injurious

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto, Ont.

We beg to inform Victorians that we have removed from 27 Fort Street to our new and spacious premises 37 FORT ST., 3 doors above our old stand, where you can find the

ONLY OPTICIANS

Of British Columbia, who have the knowledge, skill and experience to thoroughly test your eyes and fit you with proper glasses.

Who make a specialty of grinding compli cated glasses and repairs of all kinds.

Who have the most complete stock of Spectacles, Eye Glasses and Optical Instruments in Canada.

Note the change of Address:

F. W. Nolte & Co.,

(Successors to Hyams)

37 FORT STREET.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard, corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plummerfelt, Gorge Road.

Public Notice.

School Street, between Yates Street and Fort Street, will be closed to traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

July 11th, 1893.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used Principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.) | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL. (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal, are mined by this Company only.

The "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

The "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

The "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent

The Victoria Lithograph Co.,

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Etc., Etc.

VISITING CARDS printed from Copper plates and stone.

PORTRAITS enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art.

Orders left at the TIMES Office or with the Manager will be promptly attended to

W. R. CREECH, Manager.

The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries.

Address,

THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

Real Estate.

1 House, full sized lot, fenced, close to tram only $850; cash $150; balance on easy terms at 8 per cent.; cheap.
1 House and Lot, Craigflower Road, only $750; cash $100; balance at 8 per cent., easy terms.
½ acre Blocks, $250; 1 acre Blocks at $500; easy terms.
50 acres of good Land, 9 miles from city, railway crosses it; very cheap, $30 per acre.
100 acres of good land; 9 miles from city; very cheap, $25 per acre.
100 acres, improved; 12 heifers, 5 pigs, 4 doz. chickens, 1 horse, 1 cottage, woodshed, stable, chicken house, etc.; $6000 good terms.
99 acres, Cobble Hill, fine improved farm, $4,800.
200 acres, Cobble Hill, improved; $8,000, very easy terms.
62 acres, Cadboro Bay, 4 miles from P. O., under cultivation, with improvements costing $7,000; land $500 per acre; improvements $4,000; good terms.
Kaslo lots, in good position, cheap.
Several good Houses to Rent.

A. WILLIAMS,

5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MIL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 106 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A HYAMS - Manager

National Electric Tramway & Lighting Co.,
Limited Liability.

An Adjourned Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the office, Store Street, on Saturday Evening, July 15th, at 8 o'clock. OBJECT:—To authorize a further loan upon the security of the property of the Company.

C. T. DUPONT,
Secretary.

Victoria, July 7, 1893.

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
NELSON, B. C.
(Mention this paper.)

DUCK LUNG,
Groceries and Provisions

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE & INTELLIGENCE BUREAU.
Contractor for Chinese labor at short notice.
42 Fisgard Street, Victoria.
18-2m P.O. Box 467.

FROM LIVERPOOL

The Br. Bk. "Archer,"

719 tons register,

Is now on the berth FOR VICTORIA, and will sail on 10th July next. For freight and all other information apply to

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.

m15-tf

ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO

The Arrival of Alexander Mackenzie on the Pacific Ocean.

A CENTENARY TO BE CELEBRATED

The Great Explorer's Trip—The First White Man Who Traversed the Northern Portion of North America—Fate of Alexander Mackay, at Clayoquot V. I.

The Times of 14th April last contains a very interesting account by Captain Walbran, of the steamer Quadra, of an expedition north to Kitkatlah, Bella Bella and Kimsquit to investigate certain reports concerning an Indian massacre. Those reports were shown to be erroneous. The conclusion arrived at was that the loss of the canoe and its Kimsquit occupants, was caused "through the perils of the sea combined with bad management" and excess of bad liquor. The party lost was known to have left Rivers Inlet with a large quantity of "fire water" aboard.

Captain Walbran mentions in his report that to reach the village of Kimsquit boats had to be taken by the party for about a mile, and that it was down this river that Alexander Mackenzie and his party travelled the last stage of their overland journey from the Canada of those days, and at 8 o'clock on the morning of the 20th of July, 1793, found themselves afloat on the waters of the Pacific."

As we are within a few days of the centenary of the arrival of the great explorer, would it not be a fitting tribute to Mackenzie's memory, and that of his associate, Alexander Mackay, that the Pioneer Society, the St. Andrew's Society, the Sir William Wallace Society, and others who might take an interest in the matter, should meet on Thursday, the 20th of July, 1893, and celebrate in such way as might be decided on the centenary of this event, which forms a landmark in the early history of our country?

The following extract from a Scottish newspaper may be read with some interest in connection with the above. Yours,

ALEXANDER BEGG. (Crofter).

MACKENZIE AND MACKAY.

The first White Men Who Crossed the Continent of America to the Pacific, North of the Rocky Mountains.

There are no other Highland clansmen whose names are more worthy of honorable and memorable mention, in connection with the explorations and discoveries of the far "Nor' West," than those of Alexander Mackenzie and Alexander Mackay. The very interesting paper which was read before the Clan Mackay Society, a copy of which appeared in a recent number of the John O'Groat Journal, I perused with pleasure, with the exception of the deep feeling of regret at the tragic death of Mr. Mackay. "Ben Reay's" brave clansman acted a leading and important part along with Mackenzie in the perilous and exceedingly difficult journey across the continent to the Pacific coast, in 1793, and is entitled to a share of the glory. As stated in the paper alluded to, there is not any doubt but he was "a brave and able man." That he also was an expert hunter, and a good manager, and was Mackenzie's right-hand man, is evident, as to him was assigned the special care of the hunters which accompanied the party, and on whom they depended for fresh supplies of food as they proceeded through an unknown country and amongst uncivilized, and in many instances ferocious savages.

A few inaccuracies which have crept into "Ben Reay's" paper induces me now to refer to the subject, by way of correction. The paper states that Alexander Mackay accompanied Mackenzie on his two expeditions. From the narrative or history of the expedition in 1789 to the Arctic Ocean, and in 1793 to the Pacific coast, written by Alexander Mackenzie, and published in 1801, it does not appear that Mackay formed one of the party. The names of the party who went north are given, but Mackay's name is not mentioned. In the latter trip Makay is first on the list. The party consisted of ten persons, namely, Alexander Mackay, six French-Canadians (whose names are given), two Indians, who combined the duties of interpreters and hunters, and Alexander Mackenzie (then "plain Mackenzie," but afterwards Sir Alexander). It is added in a foot note that two of the French-Canadians had formed part of the former expedition to the north. The party had only one canoe, which was twenty-five feet long within, twenty-six inches hold, and four feet nine inches beam. "Two men could easily carry her." The narrative says:—"In this slender vessel we shipped provisions, goods for presents, arms, ammunition, and baggage to the weight of three thousand pounds, and an equipage of ten people."

Referring to the statement in the paper which says, Mr. Mackay told Mr. Mackenzie "that he had discovered several fissures in the ground from which heat and smoke issued, with a strong smell of sulphur," Mackenzie's reference to the circumstance is as follows: "21st May, 1793, 56 degrees 8 minutes, north latitude. Mr. Mackay informed me that in passing over the mountains he observed several chasms in the earth that emitted heat and smoke, which diffused a strong sulphurous stench. I should certainly have visited this phenomenon if I had been sufficiently qualified as a naturalist to have offered scientific conjectures or observations thereon." The paper read before the society goes on to say—"There was not time then to make a further examination—indeed Sir Alexander did not consider the discovery of any consequence—and for a long period the existence of the sulphur springs was almost forgotten; but the Canadian Pacific Railway passing near the spot, a health resort, to which the name of Banff has been given was established a few years ago, and now, season after season, great numbers of people, suffering from pulmonary and rheumatic complaints, go there for the benefit supposed to be derived from the sulphur baths. So our clansman's discovery is worth mentioning." I am loath to spoil a good story, but whilst it is true that the Canadian Pacific Railway Company have established a magnificent hotel at the now celebrated Banff springs where there is also a sanitarium, public baths, and a public park of great extent and romantic beauty, under the superintendence of the Dominion Government, the fact of the matter is the Banff springs are east of the summit of the Rocky Mountains, in north latitude about 51 degrees 15 minutes, and west latitude 115 degrees 30 minutes. Mr. Mackenzie and his party on the 21st May, 1793, were in 56 degrees north latitude and about 123 degrees west longitude. This would give an approximate distance of from 400 to 500 miles between the Banff springs and this "phenomenon," near the banks of Peace River.

Another geographical inaccuracy occurs where it is stated that "the exploring party arrived at Vancouver on the 23rd July, 1793." The date of arrival is correct according to Mr. Mackenzie's narrative. The party, however, did not reach Vancouver, but King's Island, so named by Captain Vancouver. This Island is nearly opposite the southern portion of Queen Charlotte Islands, and about 150 miles distant east of them, and nearly the same distance from the nearest point of Vancouver Island. Mr. Mackenzie and party reached King Island by an inlet extending about 20 miles from the beach where they found tide water. They slept that night on a rock for safety, as they feared the natives might attack them. On that rock Mr. Mackenzie inscribed the date of their arrival, painted in oil mixed with red clay. He commenced his return westward next day. Mr. Mackenzie formed an erroneous impression as to the head waters and the course of the Columbia River. In his chart of the track by which he traveled to the Pacific, the Columbia River is outlined as being connected with and forming the outlet of some of the rivers he navigated on his way westward and southerly, after he left the Peace River and the watershed of the Rockies. It is now, however, well known that the source of the Columbia river is a series of small lakes in the Kootenay district, near the Rocky Mountains, commencing near the 50th parallel of north latitude and between the 115th and 116th degrees of west longitude. Fed by those lakes it runs northwesterly to what is called "the big bend" of the river, in latitude 52; and then turning westerly, it sweeps south, forming an extensive peninsula, and crosses the International boundary between the United States and the Dominion of Canada, latitude 49 and longitude 117 degrees 40 seconds. It was therefore impossible that Mr. Mackenzie could have touched the waters of Columbia River on his westward trip to the Pacific. The error in Mr. Mackenzie's case is not at all to be wondered at; yet, singular to say, that great modern work, "The Encyclopaedia Britannica," unlike the minor cyclopaedias, is not the product of irresponsible hackwork, but it is the accumulated work of the most famous authors and men of science throughout the world." With an apology to "Ben Reay" for the foregoing references, I remain, etc.,

A. BEGG.

Royal Colonial Institute, London.

THE SAD FATE OF MACKAY.

From a record to which I had access when in London recently I found that Alexander Mackay shipped from New York in the Tonquin, Captain Jonathan Thorn, for Astoria, on the 11th Sept., 1810, and arrived at Astoria in March, 1811, having remained a short time at the Sandwich Islands. The cargo consisted of merchandise and provisions for the Northwest Fur Co. at Astoria. After landing the Astoria portion of the cargo they departed on a trading voyage along the coast, with a company of 23 men, including officers. They sailed until they reached Vancouver Island and Clayoquot Sound, which was then, the report says, inhabited by a powerful nation, Wak-en-nishes. These people came aboard to barter furs for merchandise, and conducted themselves in the most friendly manner during the first day. The same evening information was brought on board by an Indian whom the officers had as an interpreter that the tribe was ill-disposed and intended attacking the ship the next day. Captain Thorne, whose conduct during the voyage, and especially during the stay at the Sandwich Islands, showed him to be tyrannical and obstinate, affected to disbelieve the news. Next morning the savages came around the vessel in great numbers. Mackay advised caution, and ordered seven men aloft to unfurl the sails. In the meantime the captain permitted about fifty Indians to come on board. They immediately began to exchange otter skins for blankets and knives. The blankets they threw into their canoes, but secreted the knives. Every one, when armed, moved from the quarter deck to different parts of the vessel, so that by the time they were ready in such a manner were they distributed that at least three savages were opposite every man on the ship. At a given signal they rushed on their prey, and notwithstanding the brave resistance of every individual of the whites they were all butchered in a few minutes. The men aloft in attempting to descend lost two of their number, besides one mortally wounded, who notwithstanding his weakened condition made good his retreat with the four others to the cabin. The interpreter escaped and was secreted by the Indian women. Those in the cabin found loaded arms and began firing on their savage assailants through the skylights and the companion way, which had the effect of clearing the ship in a short time, and long before night the five men had full possession. Whether from lack of ability to navigate the vessel back to the Columbia river or fear, on the following morning early the four men who were unhurt left in the long boat. They wished the wounded man to accompany them, but he refused, saying, "He must die before long, and was as well in the vessel as elsewhere." Soon after sunrise the Tonquin was surrounded by a great number of Indians in canoes. They came for the purpose of unloading her, but from the warm parting they got on the previous day did not seem forward in boarding. The wounded man, however, showed himself at the railing; made signs that he was alone and wanted their assistance, on which some ventured on board and found what he had said was true. They spoke to their people, who then came aboard quickly, so that in a very short time the deck was considerably thronged, and they proceeded to undo the hatches without any further ceremony. No sooner were they completely engaged in this than the only survivor of the crew descended to the cabin, and having everything in readiness set fire to the magazine, containing nearly nine thousand pounds of gunpowder, which in an instant blew the vessel and every one on board to atoms. The Indian nation acknowledged having lost nearly one hundred warriors, besides a vast number of wounded, by the explosion, which included those in canoes around the ship. The four men who set off in the long boat were two or three days afterwards driven ashore in a gale and massacred by the natives.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—There will be a special meeting of the Sons of Erin this evening.

—The fire losses for the six months ending June 30th were $14,500. There were 31 fires.

D. McRae has just completed a fine house on Cedar Hill road at a cost of nearly $5,000.

—The city engineer has closed School street from Yates to Fort street to all general traffic.

—The members of the Loyal Orange lodge went over to Vancouver this morning to celebrate the 12th.

—The fire department was drilled on Douglas street last evening. A large crowd witnessed the manoeuvres.

—The British Columbia Law Society met yesterday morning. Nothing of particular interest was done at the meeting.

—The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. are making every preparation for the reception of visitors during convention week.

—The Royal Templars of Temperance will give a strawberry festival in their hall on Blanchard street, between Yates and Fort street.

—The sale of the Driard bar privileges was stopped by an injunction issued by the Supreme Court on application of R. Campbell the lessee.

—Sergeant Hawton, of the city police, is hunting up owners of land upon which are large crops of thistles. This industry is taxed by the city at $20 a case.

—Waverly lodge, C. O. O. F., paid a fraternal visit last night to Dauntless lodge. The meeting was in Foresters' Hall and the affair was a very pleasant one.

—To-night a meeting of the congregation of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church will be held, and it is expected that the private circular of the Rev. P. McF. Macleod, the pastor, will be discussed.

—A strawberry festival in aid of St. Saviour's church will be held this evening at Springfield House, Robert street, Victoria West. There will be plenty of strawberries and cream, and during the evening there will be music.

THE RING.

GRIFFIN BEATEN.

Roby, Ind., July 11.—John Griffin, the "Braintree Lad," and Solly Smith, the champion of the Pacific Coast, met last night in the arena of the Columbian Athletic club for a purse of $2000 and the featherweight championship of the world. The event brought together one of the largest audiences ever seen in the arena. Six special trains were brought into requisition to accommodate the ticket holders, and after they had been dispatched from Chicago two additional trains of 22 cars were found necessary to accommodate the superfluous patrons of the ring. Among those present were James J. Corbett, champion heavyweight of the world; Ed. Smith, champion heavyweight of America, and many others. Time was called at 10:55. Both men exchanged body blows, Smith having the advantage. In the second round both men fought hard, and in the third Griffin seemed to have the best of it, though both men punched each other for a moment with vigor. Smith was still groggy when the bell rang for the fourth round, but he came up bravely. Griffin landed on his face with his right and left, following up with a heavy right on the breast, and rushed his opponent around the ring. Smith staggered when he reached the centre of the arena, and a heavy thrust in the chest nearly sent him to earth, however, he turned on his opponent and, with a right lunge, struck Griffin full in the face, below the eye. Griffin fell and was twice counted out before the referee announced that Smith had won. There was a rush to the arena and the supporters of the victor cheered themselves hoarse.

DIED.

NOAKE—In this city on the 18th inst., Fanny, relict of the late Geo. Noake, a native of Sherborne, Dorsetshire, England, aged 74 years.

The funeral will take place on Thursday, at 2 p.m. from the family residence, 239 Fort street, and at St. John's church at 2:30 p.m.

Friends will please accept this intimation.

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We regret so many customers having to leave without being waited upon. Our staff is limited, and the rush during the afternoon is so great we are unable to cope with it.

While thanking our customers for the patience exercised we should be glad to see them, when possible, earlier in the day.

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